



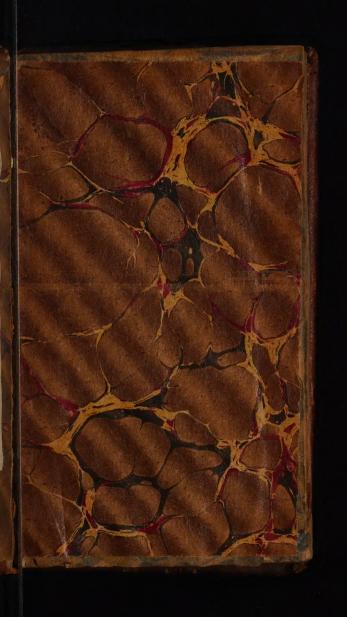








Charles Wallis (King



13414/A

Thomas Joarles Bolofalo mo fun Bult: AD, 691







ADVERTISEMENT.

Por the better finding out what Drugs are Prohibited, they are marked thus *, being not brought directly from the Place of growth in English built Shipping, as in the New Book of Rates, p. 112 in the Act for Incouraging and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation, is more largely expressed. You will find those that are Prohibited with this mark *, both in the Book and Catalogue.

TREASURY PRUSS UNLOCK'D.

A Full and True Description of all forts of Dungs, and Chymical Preparations sold by Dungitts Whereby you may know the place of their growth, and from whence they come, and how to distinguish the Good from the Bad.

Very USEFUL for

All Gentlemen, Merchants, Druggists, Doctors, Apothecaries, Chirurgeons, and their Apprentices. As also for all Travellers, Seamen, Customhouse Officers, and all others that either Traffick in them, or make any use of them, or those that Import or deliver any of 'cm at the Waterside. Giving a true Account of all those that are Prohibited, and those that are not, whereby many needless Disputes and Law Suits may be prevented. The whole Work All haberically digested, with a compleat Catalogue of all Drugs, Gre.

By Jo. Jacob Berlu of Lendon, Merchant in Drugs-London, Printed for John Harris at the Harrow against the Church in the Poultrey, and Tho Howkins in George-Tard, in Lombard firet, 1690.

Price BoundOne Shilling.



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Courteous and Benevolent

READER.

Ertainly nothing can promote Trade more than for Men to learn and understand those Commodities and Merchandizes; they do intend to Trade in; which gives me hopes that this Treatise will be kindly accepted of, and that those of the Trade of Druggist will be more Ingenuous than to hold that Popish Tenet, to keepthe People in Ignorance. The Price Currant which is weekly published of Drugs, may prejudice, this cannot: For the more Men understand the goodness of a Commodity, the more value they will set upon it.

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To the Reader.

To avoid also those dangers (of prohibited Goods) by which I have been (as it were) shipwracked, you will easily discern the places of growth, being mentioned almost to every Commodity, and thereby avoid those Rocks and Perils by which I have fore-gone a good estate. Vale.

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OF

DRUGS UNLOCK'D

wer A. S.A.A.

Adianthum Album, Adianthum Nigrum, Maidenhair.

He black groweth here in England, France, Germany, and Norway, and most parts of Europe. It is to be chosen, the Leaves very green, the stalks of a lively reddish, black and dry withal. There has of late been a very good fort brought from Bergen in Norway; that A 4

which comes from Bristol, and other parts in Wales, is generally very good also.

The white Maiden Hair is not so plentiful here, neither so much in use. It is brought from Italy, New-England, France, and other places; the Stalk of it is more of yellowish green, and the Leaves larger and thinner than the black.

Adeps Castoris.

The Fat of Castor is taken from above the Cods of Castor, of which the Dantzick and Poland fort generally have, as it were, two Cods above the Castor Cods, which are full of Fat.

16 2

Adeps Hominis.

THE Fat of Man is gathered from those parts of Men, as Suet is made of other Creatures, and Hogs Lard from Hogs, of which the sweetest and cleanest is to be preserved.

Adeps Urfs.

HE Fat of a Bear is of a very stinking strong smell, very grease; 'tis for the most part brought from Greenland and

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and other parts out of the North Countries.

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Alumen Commune.

Common Allum is made here in England, and agreat many other parts of Europe, it is in large great Lumps of a fowrish astringent taste, white, and clear.

Alumen Plumofum.

Is in long shivers and long slakes, covered over with a small white sine Dust, not unlike to Feathers; it comes from Chio in the Straits, and likewise out of some parts of Germany: the best is in long slakes above an inch in length.

Alumen Roch.

Is an Allum which is roched, looks reddish and very clear as a Crystal, if broken, and transparent; it comes from Smyrna in Turky, and some places in Italy. It is also called Roman Allum.

The Treasury of



Agaricus.



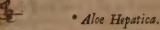
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Is an Excrescence of a sungous Matter of a Tree, very white, and light, and cuts easily and short: the best comes from Barbary; there is another fort which comes from Helvetia, and other parts of Germany, viz. Norimberg; which is finer than that which comes from Russia, being in small pieces, but very sine, white, and light: the Russia sort is the coursest of all, being sometimes very crusty, and interwoven with red Veins, as also slinty and sandy, which is reckoned the worst.



* Aloe Succotrina.

Is the finest of Aloes, therefore by some called Aloe Lucida; 'tis made in an Island called Succatora near Mico in the East Indies; the sinest is most transparent, if broken, it turns to a fine yellowish Powder: 'tis brought to us from the East Indies: the smallest, thinnest,' and lightest Bladders are to be preferred.



THE right Aloe Hepatica ought to be of a fine light Liver colour, fine and clear, not very feetid in fmell; that which is called fo here in England is nothing else but Aloe Caballina, of a strong feetid smell, and very course, fitter to be given to Horses than Men: it comes from Surratin the East Indies.

* Alve Barbados.

Is the same as the former, but rather finer, yet of a fætid smell; it comes in gourds, which is generally the best: some in pots is pretty good; that which comes in Casks is moist, and inferiour to the former.

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* Ambra Grifea.

A Mbergreese, the best is of an Ash colour, something speckled, with little small black and white specks; it is of a most fragrant, pleasant smell, clear from any dross, and not crusty without, ranning a hot Needle slightly into it, there will issue out a Fatness of a fragrant scent;

'tis brought from the East and West Indies (viz. Bermoodos, &cc.) and sometimes the found in near parts adjacent: There was lately a piece discovered in a Sperma Ceti Whale in Ireland, somewhat like Ambergreese 'tis never the worse if it does incline to a yellowish colour; sometimes you will discover the beaks of Birds in it, which is a symptome of its trueness: it has been observed that Birds will generally strike at it, and several pieces sloating at Sea have by that means been taken up.

Ambra Nigra.

B Lack Ambergreese, the best cometh from the East Indies, being of a black colour, sometimes speckled with a few grey Specks: We have had in sormer times an Irish black Ambergreese, which was more sected than fragrant, breaking softish and very shining, but of late (tho' much enquired for) scarce to be had for Money.

* Amber Liquid.

IS a very fine and fragrant Liquor of the fame Condensity, as a Strasbourg Turpentine, of a pale reddish colour; it comes from

from Agypt, Chio, and the Straits.

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Amygdala Amara.

Bltter Almonds are to be chosen fresh, large, breaking white within, of a bright colour without, they come most generally from Barbary, some few from Province, and other parts of France.

Amygdala Dulcis.

SWeet Almonds are to be chosen as aforesaid, but of a sweet taste, without rancor, the best are the fordan, after them Province and Barbary Almonds.

Anacardia

Is the Fruit of an Indian Tree, like a Birds Heart, with Juice like Blood; it is by some called the Elephants Lowse; it is brought from Bantam in the East Indies.

Antimonium Crudum.

CRude Antimony is a Mineral Body, in which the Metalline nature is finished, confisting of Sulphur Mineral, of Metallic

Metallic Mercury indigested, and of an earthly Substance intermixt with Salt: That which is brought to us comes from Dantzick and Poland, which is in Loaves of a pretty length, being larger streak'd, and less foot in it, than that which comes from France, which is in large, round, thick Loaves, sull of foot, and nothing nigh so good as the former.

Antimonium Hungar.

Fall Antimonies, the Hungarian and Transylvanian Antimony is to be preferred, because that it is of a purer Sulphur, and inbibeth a Golden Mineral; therefore are its streaks more splendid and longer, of an obscure reddishness, which showeth its goodness; 'tis cast in a Pyramid fashioned Loaf, and this Antimony is in all Medicines to be preferr'd before any other.

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Antimonium Diaph.

Diaphoretick Antimony is a Chymical Preparation, with Nitre and Antimony, and Washing, that it comes very white and light.

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Antimonii Vitrum.

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R Stibium, is a Glass of Antimony, looks a transparent deep red, Chymically so prepared, and that most in Amsterdam.

Antimonii Cerussa

IS Chymically prepared from Antimony, &c. made here in Town, being very white.

Aqua Fortis.

fold, viz. double and fingle. It is a Chymical Preparation, drawn from Salt petre and Copperas, to leveral degrees; the strength of it is known by pouring it upon the blade of a Knife, by its strong scent, suming and eating in presently in the blade of a Knife, or any thing of Brass or Copper, as also by the quickly rotting a Pack-thred.

Aqua flor Aurant.

Range Flower Water is brought to us from Province and Nizza in France, as also from Genoua and other parts of Italy. Its Goodness is only known by the rare odoriferous and fragrant Smell by dipping your Handkerchief, &c. in it.

Argentum Vivum.

Quick Silver is a Mineral Liquor, or a Metallic Volatile; the best is Virgin Quick Silver, or that which is sometimes naturally sound in the Earth, tho' most of it is made of a Mineral which is called Cinnaber, by the force of Fire, as also drawn out of other Metals; 'its found in quantities in Hungaria, Transplvania, Tyrol, and other parts of Germany, and some parts of Spain.

Aromu Equinum.

Horse Spice is a thing made here in England of several Ingredients, as Funugrick, Turmerick, Long Pepper, &c. All ground together in Powder.

· Auri-

Auricuba Juda.

Jews Ears is a spungy Excrescency out of Elder Trees, they are found here in England and most parts of Europe.

* Auripigmentum.

Repment is a fecundary Sulphureou Mineral, but inflammable: the faneft comes from Surrat in the East Indies, breaking of a shining Gold colour, there is a great deal in Saxony in Germany, but courser and lighter yellow, inclining to a green, more hard and rocky than the former.

Erugo Eris.

Erdigrease is a thing made out of Copper, which by the Evaporating of new Wine turns to a green Powder, and so gathered in Leather Bags, and brought to us from Marseilles in France; that which is of a dry and lively colour, breaking easily into Powder, is to be preferred.

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As Ustum.

Is nothing else but the Scales of Copper Calcined in a Reverberatory Fire; which are easily reduced into a Calx by beating them in a Mortar.

Arsenicum Album.

Hite Rats-bane, the best of it breaks clear and transparent like Crystal; and comes out of Saxony, by way of Hamborough; it's nothing esse but a suspension of Orpment and Salt, and therefore not a natural but an artissical thing.

Arsenicum Citrinum.

Y Ellow Arsenick comes likewise out of Saxony; It is to be chosen of a pure yellow colour, breaking clear within.

Arfenicum Rubrum.

BY some called Rose Alger, alias Arsenic Sandarac, is of an Orange colour, if beaten to Powder, the most pernicious of Poysons; even outwardly applied, it produceth Dauge unlocko. 13 duceth horrible Effects, this comes from the places aforesaid.

B

Bacca Alkekengi, Winter Cherries.

They grow here against a Wall in England, and in a great many other parts wild amongst the Vineyards. The Berries are in a husk resembling red Cherries, but a little more of an Orange colour, being well dried, they will continue of a lively red colour, a little enclining to yellow.

* Bacca Coffee.

Cobo Seeds, or Coffee, is a Berry which groweth upon a Shrub in the Defarts of Arabia Fælix, from whence it is carried through all the Grand Siegnior's Dominions even to the East Indies; the best comes now from the East Indies, being large, bright, a full Berry, and clean. Formerly that which came from Turky; (which generally looks a little greenish) was

best esteemed; great quantities are yearly imported from both parts.

Bacca Hedera.

of Europe, they are to be chosen of a good full growth and well dried, and gathered in the right season.

Bacca Juniperi.

JUniper Berries grow here and in all parts of Europe: the largest and freshest of a good pleasant Smell, black without, and very green within, are to be preserved.

Baccæ Lauri.

Aurberries, Bay Berries is a large Berry brought to us from Port a Port, of a very hot oleaginous taste, a little inclining to black, brown Kernels within, they come from several parts of the Straits.

Baccæ Myrti.

Marfeilles. grow in Italy, France, and other hot Countries near the Rocks and Cliffs of the Sea, brought to us from Marfeilles.

Bacca

Bacca Kermes.

A Lkermes Berries is of a lively red colour, very light, and foon broken, fomething like a Fly within. They come from Italy, Venice, France, and Marfeilles.

Balsamum Capivi.

IS a Natural Balsam flowing from a Balsam Tree in Surinam in the West Indies, of an Aromatic Smell, hot and bitter taste, of a body clear, transparent, like Venice Turpentine, but exceeding all Turpentine for Goodness and Vertue.

* Balsamum Judaicum.

Ballam of Gilead, by some called of Meccha, by other Ballamum Syriacum, is a Ballam much resembling the former, but of a more condens'd Body; if some drops are poured into Water, it will spread upon the surface of the Water, and uphold a little piece of Tobacco Pipe; it is very fragrant, of Smell somewhat like Rosemary and Sage Flowers: 'tisbrought to us from Turky, and is said to grow out of a thorny Tree in Arabia, Media and India.

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Ballamum

* Balsamum Peruanum.

Atural Balsam, Indian Balsam is of a a very fragrant sweet Smell, a reddish black colour, finking under Water; 'tis brought to us from Peru, and New Spain, in earthen Jars covered over with Leather.

Ballamum Sulphuris,

IS nothing else but a Chymical Preparation made out of Flower of Brimstone, and Oyl of Turpentine, till it comes to a most curious Balfamic condensity, red like a Ruby, sometimes 'tis made with Oyl of sweet Fennel, or Annis-feed.

* Balsamum Tolutanum.

Alfam Tolu, is a Balfamous Liquor, of a red, inclining to a Gold colour, confifting between a liquid and a thick Body, very glutinous, where ever it fastneth it flicks close to it, and pleasant in Smell (and not nauseous like other Balsams) -like the best of Lemons, and Jasmin Flowers; 'tis brought from Carthagena, by the Natives called Tolu, out of the Spanish West Indies, in large and finall Callabattes.

Bolus

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Rolus Armenus.

Ine Bole or Bolus verus, it taketh its name from Armenia, a Country beyond Greece, and is often brought from Turky and the Straits; 'tis also digged in Germany, near Wirtemberg, and great store, its faid, may be had in St. Helena; the finest is of a fattish red colour, being put to the tongue will eafily stick fast to it, being put in the water will as eafily diffolve, as Butter in melting.

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Bolus Communis.

Common Bole is a thing made here in England of Red-oaker and Whiteing, &c. the nearer it comes to the fine, the better esteemed.

ly, IS a thing made out of natural Borax or Tincal, being in a manner refined from its Dross, &c. is in pretty large Lumps, bigger than a Walnut, white, almost transparent, of taste not acid, out as it were urinous. It is refin'd here, and in Holland, and other parts of Europe.

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Car

Butyrum Jessamin.

JEssamin Butter is made out of the Jessamin Flowers and Lard, finely beaten in a Marble Mortar.

* Bang.

IS an Herb which comes from Bantam in the East Indies, of an Infatuating quality and pernicious use.

C.

* Campbora.

Amphora or Camphor is a Gum of a Tree, of which there is great plenty in Japan, in Burneo and China, and other parts of the East Indies, from whence it is brought to us in Duppers and Casks unrefined, being refined in large round Casks, is of a clear and almost trasparent body, of a white Crystalline colour, and Odoriferous strong smell, like the best Oyl of Spike, of a Volatile quality, easily diffolying,

folving, being fet on fire almost inextinguible, burning in Water and Air; and therefore of great use in Bombs, Carcasses, and other Fire-Works.

Cantharides.

Antharides, or Spanish Flies, is an Insect which groweth out of Ash-Tree-leaves; they are found in Meadows and Corn fields; they are to be chosen of a very lively green Colour, fresh, whole and large, without Dust, of a longish body. They come from France, Spain, Italy and Germany.

Cap. Papaver. Albi.

Hite Poppy bead grows here in most parts of England, Germany, France, &c. being of very large Heads; a white Poppy seed within: Sometimes the Seeds are brought out of France, being very white and of a sweet taste, causing sleepiness.

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Garabe.

A Mber, or Succinum, is a bituminous Substance; or as some say, a Resin of the Earth, and out of old Trees
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thorowly digested; and from thence traduced into the Seas. The best is reckoned the White, which is faid to be the fattest; the yellow or clear Amber colour the next to it; some of-three or four pounds a piece in weight. They make feveral Toyes of it, as Necklaces, Knife hafts, Cabinets, &c. and a great deal is carried to the East-Indies; the brown and black is the worst, only fit to draw Oyl and Salt; it is found near the Sea-shores of Prussia, and brought to Sale at Coningsberg.

* Cariophylli.

CLoves, or little Cloves, so called, be-cause 'tis said they are beaten down before their full growth; those are to be chosen which are black, oyly, very hot in the tast, of a strong odoriferous Imell. There is another fort which is called Antophylli, or Mother Cloves, which are large, full grown, but not fo good as the former.

* Carpobalsamum.

Hould be the Berry that comes from the fame Tree, out of which Balm of

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Syn

Per left

of Gilead is made, of a longish shape; somewhat like to Cubebs in the taste; growing formerly in Palestina, then in Syria, but now transplanted into Egypt: but here in England we use the Jamaica Pepper, or Pimento, of which the sinallest, roundest, and of a fragrant sines, (like Cloves) is to be preferred.

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* Cassia Fiftularis.

Is the fruit of a Tree growing in long Canes, or Pipes, hanging very full and thick on the Branches: The best of all cometh from the East-Indies, and great quantities used to be brought from Bantam; it is of a thin rind, sull of Pulp, and free from ratling: There are also quantities brought from the West-Indies, as St. Martenico, Gardelup, Brassil, &c. of which fort the Pipes are generally large and thick rinded, and not so pulpy within, and therefore worth a great deal less than the East-India sort.

* Castoreum Angl. Nov.

N Ew-England Castor is the worst of all Castors, being in longish, hard, and thin Cods, the substance within B 2

more like Resin than Castor; they are the Cods from a Beaver: There is a sort which has been lately brought from Hudsen's Bay, which is in shape of the Cods something like New-England, but in Quality and goodness far exceeding it, being moister in the Cods, and the inner substance of a very strong smell and taste, little inferiour to the Poland sort.

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Castoreum Russia.

Is the Cods or Stones of a Beaver; The best of all Russia, or other Castor, is that of Siberia, of a strong and grave smell, of good large round Cods well fed, neither too dry nor too moist, if cut of a red liver colour. There is another fort which is brought from Poland and Dantzick, which is generally stated and moist, and nothing near so good as the former.

Cera Alba.

White Wax is made out of yellow Wax, the same being by a certain Engine turned into small Flakes and Shivers, and bleached in the Sun, will turn white as Snow; which afterwards

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is cast into round Cakes, some thicker, others thinner, that is to be chosen, which fmells well and chaws hard, not being mixt with Sheeps or Lambs Suet, and and that which looketh very white without the least cast of any yellowness.

Cera Flava

TEllow wax is made here in England I from the Bee-hives, of a firm body and pleasant smell, it is of a good lively Colour, and made up in round Cakes of feveral bigness: That which comes from Dantzick and other parts of the East Country, is likewise very good, and free from Adulteration. That which comes from Guinea and African parts, is nothing near fo good, being cast in Sand and adulterated, and of no good Colour.

Ceterach.

Eterach is an Herb which comes out of Germany; 'tis of a very tender substance, of a light brownish Colour, eafily running to duft.

Chamæpitys.

Round Pine, alias, Iva arthetica, is a Herb which is in fandy ground here in England, and other parts of Europe, having a blewish Flower.

Chalybs Crud.

STeel is nothing else but Iron in the best way purged; that which comes from Styria and Venice, is generally reputed the best: Other forts come from Cologne and Bergsland; but inferiour to the former.

Chalybs Preparat.

Is Steel Chymically prepared by a strong Acid, &c.

Cerussa Veneta.

Erussa, or fine white Lead of Venice, is in little fine Loaves, wrapped up in blew Papers, brought over to us being very heavy; formerly it used to be brought from Venice, now great store is imported from Holland; but that which

which is made here in England, is better effecmed.

Cinnabaris Factitia.

Vermilien, or made Cinnaber, is of a very fine lively red colour, made out of Quick-Silver and Brimstone by the Chymical Art. First, it was made only in Italy; afterward great quantities were imported from Holland; and now it is likewise made in England: The goodness is known by its pure fine red colour.

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Cinnabaris Nativa.

Atural Cinnaber is a Mineral confifing of Sulphur and live Mercury; fome doth resemble a red Stone; the finest is a very smooth drop of a pure red, glistering and shining like the best of Vermilion; it is said to be found in Lybia; but of late, the Dutch have brought the finest yet seen from Japan, out of the East-Indies: That which is found in Germany, is rocky and stony, and far inferiour to the former.

Gochi-

* Cochinille.

Is a fine little Berry, breaking in a very dark red Powder, grayish coloured without; in shape like that Infect, called Lady-bird, but something less, and therefore by many believed to be a Flie, (or an Insect) which cannot be, that any fuch rich colour can be in any fuch Creature: The truest account I ever could learn, is, that some Flies and Infects fastening upon the leaves (which are sharp as Needles) of a certain Shrub, on which your West-India Shoak bears do grow, causes a kind of a blifter, turning very red at, first, and grayish the outside. After the Indians do rub all the other part of the leaf when dry, and thus the Cochinille is produced: Others think it only the bloffom of a tender Herb, taken off before it flowers; 'tis of an excellent colour, of which all the finest Scarlet and Purpleare dyed. Brought from New Spain and Mexico.

Corallina.

IS nothing else but a Sea-moss, (Muscus Marinus) growing in little white threads threads, as small Vipers to the Rock, like the Moss to a Tree, being good, is very white in longish Strings, like the unrissing of a course white Linnen; some of an inch long, some shorter, 'tis of a faltish taste, the smell resembling to Oisters.

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Corallium Album.

TX7Hite Coral is faid to be a stony VV Juice growing under water in the Sea; fome like the small branches of a Tree, others of several forms and shapes, (I have seen pieces of half a hundred Weight, covering pieces of the Wrack where the Silver was fetcht out) the best of it is that which is pure, white and clear, almost transparent; free from Drofs, refembling almost the white Wax: It comes generally from the West-Indies, and other parts near Spain and France; there is a course fort like to pieces of Tobacco-Pipes, some fmall like Sugar-Confects, is better; but the best, is of good handsome clear Branches, and very clear and white.

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Corallium Rubrum.

Red Coral, of a most pure red colour, like Vermillion when pollished, and in large Branches, such as used to be transported to the East-Indies, is best. But for Physical uses, a small little Sprig fort is used likewise; that of a pure red is to be preferred; the pale scruffy fort is nothing near so good: It is brought from the Tyrrhene and Sicilian Seas, as likewise, some parts of Italy, and is polished at Naples.

Cornu Alcis,

The Horn of an Elck is of several shapes, but that which is best for use, is a broad, slat, thick, heavy Horn, a little hollowish at one side; if white within, sit for rasping; is in some cases to be preferred before Harts-horn.

Cornu Cervi.

HArts-horn, or Stags horn, of which the best come out of Germany; the large with white and clear tips, of a good fresh colour without, and very white

white within, are best; those which come from the East-Countreys, Scotland and Norway, are not so good.

Cornu Rhinocerotis.

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The Rhinoceros horn is of a dark brownish colour, with a sharp point, mostly bendeth Half-Moon fashion, but the Root very broad and heavy: I have seen some of three foot in length; they are brought over from the East-Indies.

Cornu Unicornu.

The Unicorns horn is sometimes eight foot and more in length, others of a smaller size; they are very sharp pointed, running taper all along, and twisted of the colour of Ivory, and a finer grain than any Ivory, and very white within, they are not of a four leg'd Creature, like to a Horse, but come from a Fish, and therefore a Sea-Unicorn; they are brought from the Straits Davids, near the North-Passage.

Cortex Cappari Rad.

Aper bark is of the Roots of a Caper Tree, or rather a Shrub, whereupon the Capers grow; the Bark is best which is bright, a fair Parsnip colour, and somewhat large, and not Worm eaten.

* Cortex Cassia Lignea.

CAlfia-Lignea is of feveral forts, the most and best for Physical Prescription, is the quill fort, (being made up in small bundles) the thickness of a Goose Quill, generally fixteen Inches, or thereabouts, long, of a bright light Cinnamen colour, of a sweet, but not sharp biting, &c. of a glutenous tast when chawed. There is another fort, which is called the Tramboon fort, of which there is one kind in bundles like Clove-Park, of a very hot biting tast, breaking gummy as it were, and blackish within like Clove-Bark, which is very good also; then likewise another fort much like this last, in large thick rowles as big as a Thigh, which proves pretty good and strong, but is of a very dark colour.

colour. Others of the Tramboon fort, is like the small Cinnamon, something of the same tast, but not so strong, but more woody, and of a worse colour; all come from the East-Indies.

Cortex Cinnamomi.

Innamon is a Bark of the Cinnamon Tree, which groweth upon the Island Zeylon, of a light bright Cinnamon colour, of a very hot, but very pleasant odoriferovs tast, of a fragrant scent in the very handling of it, in Pipes about a yard in length; the smallest and thinnest Bark is generally best.

Cortex Citri:

Citron Peels come from Spain and Portugal; those which look of a lively yellow colour and fragrant smell, are best.

* Cortex Elatheria.

Is a Bark fo called from the name of an Island which is in the West-Indies; 'tis a round curled Bark, (something like Jesuits Bark) of a very hot tast.

taft, and fragrant finell when burned, therefore it is often used to sweet-scent Tobacco.

Cortex Esulæ Rad.

Is a small bright Bark, growing in England, Germany, &c.

Cortex Granatorum.

A Re the Peels of Pomegranate-Apples, of which, greatest part are brought to us from Portugal; the largest, reddish without, and a bright yellow within, are to be preserred. They grow also abundantly in Turky, Italy, Egypt, France and Spain, and other parts of the World.

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Cowitch.

Is the down of a large Cod, like a Peafe-cod, of a brown colour, like dark Cinnamon, the faid Cowitch being nothing elfe but a down covering the faid Cods, called Cowitch, because of its provoking itching and scratching, is of no other use, but to play Tricks and Waggery with: It cometh from Jamaica.

Corten

*Cortex Guajaci.

The Bark of Lignum Vitæ, or Lignum Guajacum, that which is fresh and new, and taken from the Tree, when it is alive and green, is to be preferred, though a great many use also the dry Bark; the Lignum Vitæ groweth abundantly in Jamaica, and in most of the American Islands.

Cortex Limonam.

Emon Peels are gathered here from the Lemmons, those in Holland and other parts, they import great quantities from Portugal; those which are of a good colour and scent, are best.

* Cortex Peruanus.

JEsuites Bark, China chinna, quin quina, Cascarello, Cortex Patrum, is the Bark of a Tree which groweth in Peru, the Bark being not too large, but from the smaller Twigs curled, a lively colour, a little more dark yellowish than Cinnamon, of a bitter taste, breaking shiningly, sometimes very rough, and a whitish

whitish outward Bark are to be chosen: That which is very thick, dark coloured and slat, is nothing near so good.

* Cortex Sassafræ Lign.

The Bark of Sassafras is of a reddish bright colour, and strong taste: It is brought from New-England.

Cortex Tamarisci:

Is the Bark of a Tree which groweth in Germany, along the Rhine and Danube, in gravelly places; it comes in large bundles, the Bark looking an Iron gray without, and light brown within.

* Cortex Winteranus.

Inter Bark is a whitish Bark brought to us from the West-Indies, of a very hot bing tast, pretty large and thick of Substance.

Cranium Humanum:

THe Scull of a Man ought to be of fuch an one which dieth a violent Death, (as War, or Criminal Execution)

tion) and never buried: Therefore those of Ireland are here best esteemed, being very clean and white, and often covered over with Moss.

Cremor Tartari.

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Is a refining, and boyling, and shooting of French Argol, which is brought to us in quantities from France, that which is best, looks very white and clear, not yellowish, and the nearer it resembles Crystal Tartari, (which is made of Rhensh Argol) the better it is to be esteemed.

Crocus Anglicus.

English Saffron is mostly brought out of Cambridgeshire, and gathered near Saffron Walden, made up in Cakes; that which is of very stery red, and blood red colour, of a very strong smell, of a hottish tast, striking a very good Tincture, of a large Leaf, tough and firm in the tearing, is to be preserved: That which is of a pale yellowish colour, old and decayed, is by nothing near so good, therefore the newest is to be chosen before any, unless the year before brough;

brought forth that which was larger, richer, and of a better colour.

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Crocus Hispanicus.

Spanish Saffron comes in loose Leaves, and is generally oyled over; that which is of a large Leaf, good lively colour, and well scented, as above-said, is to be chosen.

Crocus Martis.

Is a Chymical Preparation; being made of Iron by a Calcination in a Reverberatory Fire, till it cometh off in a fine pure red Crocus.

Crocus Metallorum.

The Saffron of Metalls is made of Antimony, Salnitre, (and sometimes fine Tartar) put to a Fusion and Detonation, the Fæces being separated, produceth a fine Liver-coloured Crocus.

* Cubebæ.

CUbebs is an Aromatick Fruit, somewhat like to Pepper, being a little less, of a hot Aromatick tast: They grow in the Isle of Java, and are generally brought from Bantam.

Cuscuta.

Dodder is an Herb which is inclining to a red colour, and very stalky; it groweth in most parts of Europe.

Crystallus."

Rystal is a stone much like to frozen Ice; that which is used in Physick ought to be pure, clear and whitish, transparent like Water; 'tis abundantly found in Germany, Bohemia, Hungaria, Cypres, France, &C.

Chelæ Cancrorum.

Rabs-Claws are the tips of the larger Sea Crabs gathered here in England, and near adjacent places, the largest being most desired, being black on the tips, and red underneath.

Cicerum Rub .-

R Ed Gicer is a kind of a Pea of a bright fresh red colour, a little sharp

tharp point at one end of it, full and large, and not black or dark; they come from Italy.

Cicer Album.

Is the same as aforesaid, being only of a white colour instead of red; they come from Italy, as the sormer.

* Colocynthis.

Oloquintida, Coloquints is a wild Fruit, not unlike to Oranges, which being pared, is very white and light, full of Seeds, coming from Egyps, the taste so bitter, even exceeding Gall.

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Coculus Indus.

Is a Berry which is brought from the East-Indies, a little more round and larger than Bay-berry, hollow within, and of a brownish colour: They bring them likewise from Turky.

Colophonia.

IS nothing but a transparent, clear, and yellowish Resin, which will easily

be beaten into a (whitish) Powder: 'Tis me brought to us from France,

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Dactylus.

Ates is a Fruit coming from Barbary, some from Asia: The best are large, long in shape, yellow colour, inclining a little to red; (fome a little nd darker) if the stone within is very white, and a little Cap upon their tops, showeth that they are fresh, their taste is sweet, somewhat like to Malago-Wine.

Dens Apri.

THe Tush of a wild Boar is crookedly bent, fomething like to a Seahorse Tooth, but a great deal less; not above two or three Inches long, as white as Ivory, sharp at one end, and hollow at the other: They come from Germany.

Dens Equi Marini.

The Sea-horse Tooth is of a large bigness, some of sour, sive, or six pound weight, crookedly beat like a Half-Moon, white like Ivory: They are found in the West-Indies, Hudsons Bay, Greenland, and many other parts.

Diapente. wil om

Dapente, is a Composition made by every Druggist, for the use and cure of Horses.

E.

Ebor. Rasuræ.

The shavings of Ivory, being made by the Ivory Comb-makers and Turners; the largest, whitest, and deanest, are best.

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Toy

Elixir Proprietatis.

IS a Chymical Preparation made of the best of Sassron, Myrrh and Aloes, &c. which is known by the tast, as likewise by the good tincture from the Sassron,

Epithymum.

ins

Pribymum, is a kind of a Dodder which groweth over Time, like a Silk, or a Cob-web, of a brown reddish colour, that which has a good fragrant smell, and sewest stalks, is to be preferred. It comes from Turky, Italy, and other parts of the Straits.

Ens Veneris.

Is a Chymical Preparation made of Copper, Sal Armoniack, &c. That which is good, is very light; of a yellowish Orange colour, is made here in Town.

F.

Flores Balauft.

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Time

MICE

A Re the blossoms of the Pomegranate Tree, of a very lively Scarlet red colour, (though they are dried) pretty arge, they come in great quantities from Turky, sometimes also from Portugal, taly and Spain,: They grow here in England, and many other parts.

Flores Chamameli-

Amomil Flowers, of which the double is called Roman Camomil-Flowers, being most fragrant, and whiter than the fingle, the same being yellow within, and white at the edge: They grow here in England, Germany, and most parts of Europe.

Flores Meliloti.

lour, growing here in England in Itony places best. It is in its Flowers the

he whole Summer, the finell refernoling fomewhat near to Honey.

Flores Origani.

Riganum, the best which is liked of here in England, resembleth the weet Marjarom, 'tis nothing else but a wild Marjarom, growing in Spain, Portural, Italy, and other hot Countries, of a ragrant smell, betwixt Marjarom and Time, being in knotty Flowers, and free in om Stalks, and of a light brownish coour. It is generally brought from Verice and Cadiz.

Flores Stachados.

(much of the shape of large Hops) of a fragrant smell when growing, the Flowers are yellow and blewish, but when dried up, of a Beer colour, or light brown in knobs: the largest not broken, well scented, are best, which come from the Straits, Italy and Spaine: There is a blewish fort which comes from Marseilles, but is not so well liked of.

C Flores

Flores Sulphuris

Is nothing else but rough Brimstone for sublimed by a Chymical way; it is to be chosen, that which is sine, light and lent fost, not harsh, of a fine lively yellow de colour, almost insipid in taste, dissolving has in the Mouth.

Folia Betonicæ.

Detony Leaves are gathered here in Betony Leaves are gather of Europe, England, and most parts of Europe, their Flowers being of a Purple colour; the best are those which are gathered in May.

Folia Dictamni Cret.

Ittany Leaves grow in Candia, Dalmatia, Morea, &c. the best are in large Leaves, well covered with Willow-green, rough Cotton as it were upon them; sometimes with Purple Flowers: Those Leaves which are thin and bald, are to be rejected, they come from Italy.

* Folia

hat is

* Folia Malabathri.

Tolium Indiæ, Folium Cassie, is brought to us from the East Indies, groweth entifully in Cambaja near the Waterle; the Leaf is large and broad, longer an a Lawrel leaf, not quite so broad; at is to be chosen which is green, of strong smell, Cinnamon like, and that hich is fresh, not black or decayed.

Folia Rosarum Rubrar.

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Red-Rose-Leaves come out of France, formetimes great store are gathered England, of a sweet smell, lively, dark d colour, choice ought to be made.

Folia Scordii.

Cordium, or wild Germander, groweth in and near waterish places here in geland, and many places of Europe.

* Folia Sennæ Aleppo.

Leppo Senna, is the coursest of all Senna, (except the East-India) beggenerally full of Stalks, &c. of a shor-

ter Leaf, it is to be chosen of a good strong smell, not musty, green, of a pale colour, and well cleansed.

* Folia Sennæ Alexand.

A Lexandria Senna, is the best of all Senna, of a large and long leaf, a fresh smell, free from Stalks, and small, of a lively colour, and a very good scent.

Folia Soldonella.

SEA-Colwort, or Bindweed, is an Herb of a green leaf, growing near Maritim places in Italy, France and Zealand, from thence 'tis brought to us.

Emil

Folia Tussilaginis.

The leaves of Celts-foot grow here in England, and most part of Europe.

G.

* Gallæ.

Oaks (of a certain kind) in Turky, nore in use by Dyers and Salters, than Druggists; the best fort are the Aleppo Fauls, and the best of them, those which are blew and heavy, those which are yellowish, inclining to red, (as most of the Impress fort) are not so much essented:

They are brought from Turky.

* Grana Paradist.

Allagetta, is of a dark reddish colour, hot taste like Pepper: They

* Gutta Gamba.

Ambogium, Gutta-Gum, is an infpiffated Juice of a Plant, but not well nown of what Herb: The fame is prought from China, the colour is not unike to the finest Curcuma; a fine yellow, pure,

pure, inclining to an Orange colour without Drofs, pure and clean, in round Rowles and Cakes, easily diffolving, wher touched with wet, or the Tongue, will turn whitish, or of a milky Substance.

* Gum Ammoniacum.

Cum-Ammoniack is in fine little drops. In the best is loose, somewhat like fine Olibanum, but in less drops, white within, and yellow without, smelling like to Castoreum, of a bitter taste, it will easily stick to the Fingers, and so it ofter cometh all in one Mass or Lump; it is brought from Turky and East-Indies growing near the place where the Oracle of Hammon was, from whence 'tis thought to take its name.

* Gum Animi.

Fre that which is called Gum Animi is called beyond the Seas Copal, and fo Vice versa; the Gum here meant, is hard, transparent, rough without, like Gum Senica; it is brought from Guinea

* Gum Arabicum.

Um Arabick, Gummi Thebaicum, Gum Babylon cometh from a finall Tree growing near the Water, of a white, clear, and transparent colour: 'Tis prought to us from Turky, and other parts of the Straits.

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* Gum Asa fætida.

STinking Asa (by some called Devilsdirt) are the Tears (or Lachryma) of a Tree called Laseris, growing in Syria, Lybia, and Media, the finest is in purssine, white and clean drops, free from Stalks and other mixture, of a very strong section or stinking smell, even exceding Garlike; 'tis adulterated with flower Sagapenum, &c. It is brought from the East-Indies and the Straits.

Gum Cerasorum.

GUM from a Cherry-Tree is of a brown red colour, softish and clammy; 'tis found issuing out of Cherry trees here in England, and all parts of Europe.

* Gum Caranna.

Gum, being very tough, of a darkish Olive colour (inclining to a Musk colour) being fost, condenseth; being brought from the Spanish West-Indies, from a place called Cartagena, being of an oderiferous smell.

* Gum Copal.

Is a whitish softish Gum (as it is here in England esteemed) of an indifferent good smell, inclining to a yellowish white colour, much like to the ordinary Frankincense, but of a better smell; It comes from the Spanish West-Indies.

Gum Bdellium.

TIs the Tear (or Lachryma) of a thorny Tree growing in Arabia, India and Media, 'tis of a bitter taste, fat in feeling, of a fragrant smell, somewhat softish, not easily to be beaten in a Mortar, of a light brownish colour, (like bright and sresh Prunelloes) and some of it black.

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Gum

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There is another fort which here is nost desired, which cometh amongstium Senica, and a little resembling it, it like large pieces of Olibanum, which seasily beaten into Powder, but by the earned, not looked upon so true as the ormer.

* Gum Benzoin.

[S very well scented, odoriferous and fragrant, the best is as if it were marbled, or intermixt with white and light prown, or dark yellowish specks, breaking very easily, being rubbed betwixt the Hands, of a most pleasant fragrancy; it may also be distinguished by throwing some small Powder upon Coal: It is said to be found in Samaria and Sidon, but that which is brought to us, cometh from the East-Indies. There are several sorts, and of several qualities, some gray and white, which is pretty good, and another fort all grayish, little white, but inclining to a dark brown, full of Dross, which is the worst.

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Gum

Gum Elemi.

S a Gum brought to us from the Spanifle Tunk West-Indies, (some say also from A-from thicpia) 'tis a very fost, bright, almost much transgarent Gum, white, inclining to yel- good low and green colour, fo it teemed because of its moisture and softness, it cometh in longish Cakes, rouled up in flags, if lighted on a Candle, or Fire, there will exhale a fweet Fragrancy.

* Gum Guajaci.

IS a Gum issuing out of a Lignum-vitæ Tree, the best is in great pieces, clear like Rofin, and breaks as eafily, but of a green colour, that which is very clear and clean, breaking green, not filled up with Dross, (as some is) ought to be chosen: It cometh from Jamaica, and other larts of the West-Indies.

* Gum Galbanum.

IS a fattish and glut nous Gum, generally very moift, and of a firring fla-Your and fmed, but orgrant and pleafant in withal, of a white, inclining to yellow-

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Ih colour, sometimes full of little light Stalks and dufty; the clearest and purest s to be preferred, which cometh from Turky. Some hath lately been brought from the East-Indies, which hath been much adulterated, and nothing near to mol good as the former.

Gum Euphorbium.

S the Gum of a thorny Tree growing in Barbary, from thence 'tis imported to us. The best is yellowish and clear, like a middling fort of Manna in finall Flakes, a little fmell, but very pernicious if taken, and hot in the Nose, will fer it (fpeaking comparatively) all on a-Fire.

Gum Hederæ.

it of

GUM of Ivy is found in most part of Europe, as also here in England.

Gum Funiperi,

R Gum Sandaraca, cometh from Barbary, being in little longish tears or drops of a yellowish colour, almost transparent, very hard, and it leaten, it

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will run in a very fine Powder, (which is called *Pounce*) 'tis abundantly used in Varnish, gilding of Leather, &c.

* Gum Lacca.

Is faid to be the Juice of a Tree, which is faid to be gathered by flying or winged Ants, (like as Bees do honey out of Flowers) which they induce about the Twigs and Branches of Trees. And thus we see stick Lac brought to us: 'Tis of a reddish bright colour, not unlike to small red Myrrh; that which is called Seed Lack, is in small, bright reddish grains; the best is most brightest, inclining to a yellowish colour, it smells sweetish when burnt, (though unwholsome) Shell Lack is made out of Seed Lack, being melted down of the finest Lack, and if fine, is of a reddish colour, and almost transparent. It cometh from Martaba, Malavar, and Sumatra in the East-Indies.

* Gum Labdanum.

Is faid to be a liquor (or rather a Juice) out of a Tree called Ledon, of a blackish colour, cometh from Cypres in lumps, (which is generally the best) or in Pigsztails

tails, rolled up in round turfted Cakes (which are generally of a fragrant finell; but full of Sands) especially when burnt, that which is fat, gummy, easily mollified, is best.

* Gum Marrha.

Mirh is a refinous gummy Juice which groweth out of a Tree, of which they open the Bark, from thence it floweth in little and bigger drops, of a bright, fattish, and yellowish colour, of a fragrant smell and bitter taste, smooth and bright, not too heavy, the black and crusty is not so good; 'tis said to come from Arabia, but we have it brought from the East-Indies.

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* Gum Olibanum.

Is the true and right, the best are in little round white yellowish drops, inclining a little to red, being in loose drops, and not run together; the best cometh from the Straits, very good cometh likewise from the East Indies, but some of it being run together in lumps and turned black, being nothing near so much essential.

* Gum Opopanax.

Popanax is a fine reddish fragrant Gum, 'tis gathered from a Root, being the Juice of it, which thickned in the product; the best is in round loose drops, but being very glutinous, it will stick together in lumps; the best cometh from the Straits and Turky, and very good has been brought from the East-Indies, though of late they have very much adulterated the same in those parts, viz. with Sagarp num, and Gum Ammoniacum.

* Gum Sagapenum.

Sagapenum, the Juice of Scrapin, is a drop, or a Gum out of a Tree, growing in the Regions of Media, and some from Alexandria, being sincere, very clear, the outward colour yellowish and reddish, inwardly white, of a sharp taste, grave smell, a little resembling Garlick.

* Gum Sarcocolla.

Pa

Is a very small Lachryma in little grains not much bigger than Gravel, of a dellow, reddish colcur, of a bisterish and sweetish

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fweetish taste, (like Liquorish) it runs out of a thorny Tree, being excorticated; 'tis brought to us from the East-Indies.

* Gum Styrax Cal.

Storax Calamita, (d cannarum Calamis fic dicta) is the Gum of a Tree, hears a refinous Juice, fat, foft in handling, of a most sweet fragrant smell, of a reddish colour, being mix'd with Bran is the worse for it; some with Saw dust, which is the worst of all. This is generally brought from Turky and Alexandria.

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* Gum Senica.

CUM Senica, is a Gum which cometh from Guinea, growing near a River called Senica, coming in large round Knobs, some reddish, some whitish, breaking very clear within, and rough without: 'Tis brought to us from Holland and France, because our African Company have no admittance in those parts from whence they bring it.

* Gum Tacamahaca.

OF which there is two forts, one is brought over in shells, which is soft and whitish, of a most pleasant and fragrant smell; the other in lumps, cometh in Chests, which is nothing near so good, being generally drosse; both come from New Spain.

* Gum Tragacanthum.

GUM Traganth, is a Gum which is brought from Turky; the best is very white, in little small and curled Sprigs, that which is thick, brown and yellowish, is of little value; it will easily dissolve and turn into a Mucilage, &c.

Gluten Oris.

M Outh Glew is made of Icing Glass, Gum Senica and Traganth, in little long pieces, above an Inch and a half in length.

thing the Mill that

Granadillas Perus

The Granadilla is a black Berry (a fort of Cataputia) of a longish shape, a little bigger than a Pine Kernel, of a black grayish Husk, a white Kernel within, (like the Barbados Nuts) not speckled, but more a black colour, one half kernel being able to purge any body both upward and downward; they are light, and not heavy, and come from Peru in America.

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Hordeum Gallicum.

Rench Barley, so called, because it used to be brought out of France; 'tis nothing else but a Barley excorticated, or the upper Husk taken off by a certain Mill, which is made for that purpose; that which is round, white and clear, is the best: The same is now made here, and in Holland and Germany, &c.

Hord um Perlatum.

PEarl Barley, so called, because it doth very much resemble the larger fort of Seed-Pearl, being very round and small, white, well-flowred over, fresh, and not musty, the smaller the better, its likewise done as aforesaid, but twice or thrice over to make it the finer, the best cometh from Germany, and in all, used to be preferred before the French Barley.

I.

Ichthyocolla.

Icing-Glass (in High Dutch, Hausen blass, Low-Dutch, Huysen blassen) is the product of a great Fish in the Danube, called in Latin Huse, of a glewy substance, without Bones, or grissel Bones, (except in the Head) sometimes four and twenty foot in length, and without Scales, he being desirous of fresh water, cometh out of the Euxine Sea into the Danube, most Icing Glass is made in Muscovy; the best

talt Wit is the Patriarch fort, four square, very thin and white, almost transparent; the large Horse-shooe sort in thin Rings, and clear, called the Czars sort, is the next; that which is yellow and brown within, a thick sort, is inferiour; that in square Books or Cakes, the worlt of all.

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Jujubæ.

JUjubes is the fruit of a Tree called Ziziphus, of the bigness of a large Luke Olive, of a red colour like a Cherry, of tast of Raisins of the Sun, having a Stone within like Prunes; the best are plum full of Pulp, and come from Italy; there is another fort cometh from France, which are lean and hungry, a lighter red colour, but nothing near so good.

* Juncus Odoratus.

Squinanth, alias Camelshay, is brought from Turky, and faid to grow in Arabia; that which is good, is of a firong Aromatick finell, is well coloured, bright, of a good length, being often times made up in small bundles, of a Pyramid fashion; the short, grayish, and knotty fort, is nothing near so much to be esteemed.

L

Lac Sulphuris.

Is made of Flower of Brimstone, and Salt of Tartar, by a Chymical Preparation, &c.

Lapis Amethystus.

THE Amethyst Stone, is of a dark Peach, or a live and light Purple, but a great deal paler; the best is of the East-Indies, or Oriental fort, which is sit to be set in Rings, the other, and that which we use in Physick, is courser, and not so well coloured, which is brought to us out of Germany.

Lapis Amianthus.

Is a reddish Stone, the best coming from the East-Indies, those which come from Bohemia, and other parts of Germany, are not so good: This Stone is of very little use, and very little sold amongst Druggists.

Lapis

Lapis Armenus.

THE Armenian Stone is of several spots, green, blewish, gold colour'd, and a little inclining to black; this Stone is so called, because it is brought from Armenia.

* Lapis Bezoar Occidentalis.

HE West-India Bezoar, cometh mostly from the Spanish West-Indies, of several sizes and bigness, some bigger than a Turky-Hens-Egg, others no bigger than a Hasel-Nut, &c. The right is of an Ash-gray colour, some inclining to black; it shivers pieces from pieces, as well as the Oriental Bezoar, though in vertue by far inseriour.

* Lapis Bezoar Orientalis.

Riental Bezoar is found in the inner parts of a Beast, of several Forms and Shapes, some round, Oval, longish and square, and sometimes in it a straw, a bean, a stalk, a myrobalan Kernel, a Hair and pibble Stone; They are of several bigness, those in fort not exceeding a dram;

dram; others of half, or one Ounce, but those of two and three Ounces, are Rarities: They are of a dark green Olive colour, smooth and glissening.

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Lapis Calaminaris.

Is a grayish Stone, inclining to yellow and red; 'tis very heavy, and used in the making Brass out of Copper; and this Stone it comes from Germany, and several other parts, as also from Bristol and others parts of England.

* Lapis Contrayerva.

IS a made Stone of Contrayerva-Roots, Pearls, Coral, Amber, Crabs-eyes, and feveral other Ingredients, which after is gilded over, finelleth strong of the Root.

Lapis Dentalis.

A RE little bones out of a Haddock, or large Whiting, having two in every Head, they have as it were little Teeth at one fide of them, from which, I happose the name is derived.

Wit

Lapis Gagates.

Ett, or Gett, is a bituminous Stone, very shining and hard; 'tis so called from Jaga, a River in Sicily: It comes like vise from Asia and Turky.

* Lapis de Goa.

ed le.

OA Stones, (by fome not rightly called Lapis Jaspar Antonicus) is a nade Stone, (by the Portugees of Goa, being the chief place the Portugeis have near China in the East-Indies) some say of Seed-pearl, Bezoar, Gold, and other Ingredients; they are of a dark green coour, mixed with Gold Streaks, in shape almost of a large Olive, cutting very sine within, of a gray colour.

Lapis Granatas.

Ranat is a dark reddish Stone, some as large as a small Pistol-shot, others are small like Guinea Grains: There is a great many found in Bohemia, and other parts of Germany, the clearest, and redest ike Rubies, are the best.

Lapis.

Lapis Hamatites.

Some call it Blood-stone, being of a blood red colour; the best are long, and do shiver sharp at one end, like a Needle: They are found in Bohemia and Silesia, near Breslaw.

Lapis Hyacinthus.

Pacinth Stones are of a light brown, or Beer colour, the best are small, slat, and a rough outside: There is a large fort, which looks as if they were cut or pollished, of a red colour: The Oriental and best, are siner than both, of the colour of red siery Flames. The former are found near a River in Silesia, the other come from France, and the best from East India.

Lapis Jaspis.

Jasper Stone, is of a reddish colour, and not as some say, of a green interwoven with red spots) it comes from the East-Indies.

Brat

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Lapis Judaicus.

S a longish Stone of the bigness of a Finger; some shorter, its of a gray olour; those which come from Syria are oft esteemed.

Lapis Lazuli.

S a blewish Stone, of a most excellent colour if fine, (of which Ultramarine is nade) some are with Golden (or rather 3rass) Veins interwoven; the courser is nixt with white, like rough Alabaister; the best is that which holds its colour in Fire, and comes from the East-Indies and Turky; That which is found in Germany, is nothing near so good.

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Lapis Lyncis.

Is a Stone of various colour, but most betwixt a gray and brown, sharp at one end like an Arrow, and Pyramid fashion, the bigness of a little Finger: They are found in Candia, Pomerania, Helvetia, and other parts of Germany.

D

Lapis

Lapis Magnes.

Load-stone is of an Iron colour, and so looks sometimes rusty; if good, it will draw Iron strongly to it, by vertue and of which, Sailers and Mariners find out all parts of the World: 'Tis found near Iron Mines, in Norway, Germany, Italy, Sweedland, and Cornwal here in England.

* Lapis Manateæ.

Apis Manateæ, is a whitish bone of a soft Fish called Manatea, which is plenting ful in America and the West-Indies, viz. St. Christopher's, Mevis, famaica, &c. It is very white and hard, like a Stone, somewhat resembling white Ivory.

Lapis Nephriticus.

Is a grayish Stone, inclining to a pale green; it comes out of New and Old Spain, likewise from some parts of Germany, of which one has been seen weighing fifty Pound and more at Francfort.

Lapis Ostiocolla

S of a whitish colour, very rough, in shape, it like the Pipe of a mans Bone; 'tis found the Palatinate, Darmstad, and in Saxo-

Lapis Sapphirus

That fort comes from Germany, and is afed in Phyfick; but the Oriental Sapphire is of a most curious blew colour, which is fet in Rings, and is brought from the East-Indies.

Lapis Rubinus

Is of a pure, fine, red, fiery colour; that which is Phyfically ufed, is very small, like Gravel, but of blood red colour; the harder they are, the better they are reckoned: The finall ones which are ufed, come out of Germany, Bohemia and Italy; the large Oriental Rubies, being Jewels of great worth, come from Zeylon, and other parts of the East-Indies.

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Lapis

Lapis Sardus.

Is of a fleshy colour, therefore sometimes (though corruptly) Carneol; they are found in Egypt, Arabia, and likewise very good ones in Bohemia and Silesia.

* Lapis Smaragdus.

Merauld Stone, are (if good) of a very fine green and lively colour, especially those which are the Oriental; the other which come out of Egypt, & Germany, are far interiour, being sometimes mixt with white and purple Amethysts.

Lapis Topasius.

and if fine and a good luftre, they refemble a Diamond, the nearest of any others; more fost, resemble Crystals, and so are those which are found in Bobomia; They are likewise called Chrysolithus.

* Lapis

* Lapis Tutia

S a dark grayish Stone, very rough on the one side, and hollow and smooth n the other; 'tis said to be the Exsulmiation of Brass Mettal, but I rather beeve it Natural: They are brought from the East Indies.

Lapis ex felle Bowis.

S a little Stone found in the gall of an One.

Lapis Spongia.

A Re little white Stones which are found amongst the Sponges, being upposed to be that which fastneth the sponges to the Rocks: They come from he Gulph Lepanto.

Lapis Ætites.

The Eagle Stone is of two forts; the Oriental is of the bigness of a Prune, or a Plumb, of a yellowish gray colour, the other of divers shapes and bigness, are found near Sweinford in Germany. They

have another Stone within (as it were pregnant) which rattles, those are of an Iron colour, rough without, some of them are polished; they are found in the Nest of an Eagle. Women with Child carry them under the lest Arm, about them, to hinder Miscarriage and Abortion.

Lapis Hibernus.

I Rish flate, is a softish Stone which is easily scraped to a Powder; 'tis of an Ash-blew colour, inclining to black.

Lignum Aloes.

Is brought from Bantam in the East-Indies, and is by them called Columback; 'tis of a most fragrant smell, and of a darkish colour; the knotty, resinous, and blackest fort, which is sometimes full of black resin, like Aloes, is to be chosen.

* Lignum Aspalathum

Omes likewise from the East-Indies in great pieces, much resembling Lignum Aloes, but somewhat of a lighter colour,

elour, but nothing near fo fragrant nor

* Lignum Guajacum.

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Ignum Vitæ, looks greenish and blewish within, and white without; 'tis very heavy, and cometh from Jamaica, and other parts of the West-Indies.

Lignum Juniperi.

JUniper Wood groweth here in England, and most parts of Europe, 'tis very well scented, like the Berries, if cut in March.

* Lignum Lentiscinum.

Is the Wood of a Mastich Tree, which cometh from Marseilles in the shapes of Faggot-sticks, when rasp'd, it will smell a little like Mastic: The smallest sprigs of all are best esteemed. It groweth likewise in Italy, and great quantities in Chio.

Lignum Nephriticum.

Is a Wood which is blew within, and white without; to know whether it be.

74 be right, is to scrape some of the inner Wood, and let it fland for four or five hours in Water, is will turn the faid Water into a blewish Tincture, which will appear above; 'tis brought from Mexico, the Spanish West-Indies.

Lignum Rhodium.

T Is by fome called Rosen Wood, not that any Roses do grow upon it. but that the Wood has much the same fragrancy; the best is very fat, of a deep yellowish colour, inclining to red, is of a very strong smell, and if broken, of an oyly substance; 'tis brought from the Canaries.

Lignum Santalum Album.

THite Sanders Wood is brought from the East-Indies, is of a very little smell, in long sticks as big as a Leg.

Lignum Santalum Citrium.

TEllow Sanders cometh likewise from the East-Indies, being very fragrant, and of a fweet finell.

Lignum

Lignum Santalum Rubrum.

Ed Sanders, is a red and heavy Wood (called in Holland, Caliatours Wood) is brought from the East-Indies, and if round, is a very fine red Powder.

Lignum Sassafras.

Mood, of a pleasant smell; the best is in long Sticks, streight, and not jumpy; the Bark without is very red, and cuts of a Flesh colour within.

Lithargyrus Argenti.

Itharge of Silver is whitish, and in lumps, very heavy, shining and glistering, easily broken in shivers if good, if otherwise, 'tis hard and rocky; 'tis a made thing out of Lead: The best of it is made in Poland; that which is made in Germany is nothing near so good.

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Lithargyrus Auri.

L ltharge of Gold is made like the former of Lead, being smaller than D 5 that of Silver, of a redder colour, more refembling to Gold; 'ris not improperly called the foam of Lead; there is no other difference betwixt both forts, than that the Litharge of Gold is more boyled: The best cometh from Dantzick, and is of a fine reddish colour.

M.

Magisterium Corallior.

Agistery of Coral, is a Chymical Preparation made of red Coral and distilled Vinegar, &c. whereby the Coral is reduced into a fine Powder, almost inpalpable. Some make it in little Casks, but it is nothing the better for it.

Magisterium Perlarum.

Magistery of Pearls is likewise prepared of Pearls, as aforesaid.

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* Margaritæ Occitendal.

Ccidental Pearls, fo called, because they are not of that Oriental Lustre, brightness, nor smoothness, as the Oriental Pearls; They come from Surrat and the coast of the East-Indies, being a Seed Pearl which is more obscure or muddy than the Oriental; the best are round, even, of a shining Lustre: There is a large scrubbed, and rough fort, which are the least esteemed.

Margaritæ Orientales.

Riental Pearls, the best are of a fine lustrous oriental Water, of an even fize, round and smooth, something harder than the Occidental sort; They come from the East-Indies, as aforesaid, the best from Persia. There is another fort called the South-Sea Pearls, they are very smooth, of a more whiter and paler colour.

Margaritæ Scotiæ.

Scotch Pearls are pretty good, round, finooth and even, but very hard, not

not easily beaten into a Powder, not so lustrous, but more of a Copper and Leadish dull colour, than any of the aforesaid: They come from Scotland, Chester and Wales.

Manna.

Is a Dew falling out of the Air, upon the Branches and Twigs of Trees, upon Herbs and Stones, and there it hardneth; the large, bright, and flaky fort, dry and whitish, very little inclining to a yellow, is best essemed: This is found and gathered in Syria, Persia, Calabria; and though some have essemed that of Syria best, yet the Calabrian is with us most preferred.

Mater Perlarum.

Other of Pearls; the best cometh from the East-Indies in large shells, the nearer it resembleth Pearls, and being in large smooth shells, the better: There is some found in farsey and Guern-ley, sull of Holes, scrussy without, but they are of little value.

Mandi-

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Mandibula Lucii.

The Jaw-bones of a Pike, are long and white, the Teeth as sharp as Needles, are found here in England, and all parts of Europe.

Mastich.

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Is a finall Gum which cometh from the fame Tree, out of which we have the Chio Turpentine, and therefore by many called Oyl of Mastich, growing in Egypt, Syria, and other parts of Turky, as also the Isle of Chio: The best Mastich is of a light colour, almost transparent, free from Dross: It is brought to us from Smyrna and Aleppo.

Mel Anglicanum.

Polish Honey is the product of Bees, of a pale yellow colour, of a lively smell and taste, of a good body, not greasie, the (white) Virgins Honey is accounted the best; the yellow is inferiour to the white Honey, is gathered in all parts of Europe, Asia and Affrica.

Mercurius Duleis.

IS a Chymical Preparation by way of Sublimation of Quick-Silver and Mercury corrofive, &c. If duly sublimed it will be very white and clear, the inside sharp, and longish like Needles, and of a sweet tast.

Mercurius Sublimatus.

Sublimate is also a Chymical Preparation, the best, very white and shining, &c. and comes from Venice in large Cakes, which are better than any made elsewhere.

Mercurius Pracipitatus.

Ercury Præcipitate is likewise Chymically prepared of Quick-Silver, &c. The best is heavy, of a very lively fine, red and glistering, even beyond Vermilion: The best cometh from Venice, that which is made here and in Hollans, is not so good.

Mercurius Vita.

IS a Chymical Preparation, made out of Quick Silver, Antimony, &c.

Myrobalani Bellerici.

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ide of

IS a round Mirabolane: They are much like fome Gauls, of a yellowish colour.

* Myrobalani Chebuli.

Myrabolanes, of a yellowish colour, and a long size, well filled and large.

* Myrobalani Citrinæ.

A R E much-like the aforesaid Chebuli, but a great deal less and smaller, longish, and of a yellowish colour. All Myrobalanes come from Surrat in the East-Indies.

* Mirabolanes Emblici.

These Myrobalanes are of a blackish colour, growing naturally in several pieces, as if they were sliced or cut so. Myro.

* Myrobalani Indæ.

Though all Myrobalanes come from the East-Indies, yet there is one fort which is called by the name Indian Myrobalan, being very small, and almost eight cornered, of a black colour.

* Moschus.

Musk is an Excremental Excrescence, or a swelling of corrupted blood, about the Navle of a Musk Goat or Buck. (and not a Cat) which after Putrefaction and Ripening, turns to Musk in a perfeet Cod, which is faid falls off of the Creature: The best is the Tonquin or China Musk, in thin Cods, well filled, round, and with little short Hairs, the Musk within of a good lively Musk colour, very strong, sweet smell, something moist, of a strong tast, a little bitterish. The Agria and Bengale Musk, is in thick Cods, long hair'd, a great deal of skin, and not half fo full of Musk as the former; the Musk neither so good nor fragrant. The Russia Musk is worse than any, being courfe, of a dark colour, great Tare and little Musk: Those Musk Cods which

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have been opened and fowed again, are very suspicious of adulteration; for there is often found Lead, Stones, Leather, &c. stuffed in the Cods, amongst the Musk, and that so cunningly, that it can hardly be perceived.

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Mumia.

The Arabian Mumia, is a Liquor fweating out of dead Bodies, being Imbalmed with Aloes, Myrrh and Balfom, &c. wrapped up in Cere-cloths: Sometimes whole Bodies may be feen, with Hands, Legs and Toes, perfectly intire, being of a black colour: And that Mumia which is most gummy or bituminous, is best esteemed. Tis brought from Chio and Egypt.

N.

Nuces è Barbadoes.

Barbadoes Nuts, is nothing else but a large Cartaputia, which provokes Vomit vehemently, and sometimes works by Stool; some are of a blackish Husk, some

fome speckled, they are larger than a French Bean, and have a very white Kernel within.

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Nuces de Ben.

BEN Nuts, is of the bigness of a round large Hasel Nut, of a grayish Husk, a white Oleaginous Kernel within, out of which Oyl is drawn, like as out of Almonds They are brought from Turkey, viz. Smyrna and Aleppo.

* Nuces Cuprussi.

fomething resembling those of a Firtree, being more close and not so open. They are gathered here in England and other parts of Europe, &c.

* Nuces Piftachia.

Plstachies is a little small longish Nut, the Kernel within, if fresh, is very Red, and the outside and the inside very Green, of a most pleasant taste; the hard Shell is very White and Greenish, inclining to a Red, with a Husk over it. They grow in Persia, Arabia, Syria, and are brought

brought from Aleppo and Smyrna in Turkey.

* Nuces Vomicæ.

TIS a flat round Nut, almost as big as a Leaden Half-penny, a little hollow in the middle, which is brought from the East-Indies. It will infatuate any flying Foul or Bird, as likewise some other Creatures, &c.

* Nuces Indicæ.

THIS Nut is in shape like a Nutmeg, in chawing turns Red; 'tis said they will make one Drunk in taking them inwardly, but I could never find it. The People in the East-Indies chawing them for Refreshment or Recreation, as we do Tobacco.

m.

Nuclei Pinei.

PINE Kernel, is a black and longish Kernel, something less than a Bayberry, and a very white Kernel, Oily like an Almond within. They come from France by the way of Marseilles.

^{*} Nuces

* Nuces Moschatæ.

two

THE Nutmeg is a Fruit of two kinds, the Masculine (a long and large Nut seldom used) the Foeminine a round and lesser Nut, which are laid in quick Lime, that the Worms should not take them. The best are new of a fatish substance, of a full roundness and heavyness, not lean nor scraggy, of a grateful taste, and not hollow within; they are carried from an Island called Banda to Batava, and from thence, as well as all other Spices, brought to Holland, and from thence they are imported by the King's License. And so is Mace, Cloves, and Cinnamon, &c.

O.

Oculi Cancrorum.

Rabs Eyes, (improperly so called, for they have none) but cray Fish Eyes (in the German Crebtz) of which there is some of a large bigness, as big as the Chester

Chefter Lobsters, which have every one two Stones, or Crabs Eyes in the fore part of the Head, even beyond their Eyes. In Silesia they have vast quantities, infomuch, that the Servants do condition but to eat so many times in a Week: There are store of Cray Fish likewise in Poland. They are brought from Dantzick, Hamburgh, and other Sea Ports of Germany.

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Oleum Absinthii.

O'L of Wormword is a Chymical Distillation, per Alembicum, of the same Herb; the Oyl of it is of a very dark colour, smelling strong of Wormwood; very hot, and pretty heavy, sinking under Water half way.

Oleum Anisi.

IS drawn from Annifeed in Germany. The best is very white, congealed like a hard Snow, smelling strong of the Annifeed.

Oleum Amygdalarum Amar.

OYL of bitter Almonds, is drawn by a firong Screw-Press from bitter Almonds.

Body

IS a

Almonds. The Oyl is nevertheless sweet; the best is when new and clear.

Oleum Amygdalarnm Dulc.

IS drawn from sweet Almonds, as the Oyl aforesaid.

Oleum Asparis.

Is an Oyl drawn from a Bird, called Asper, whose scent is said to be so strong, that Fishes are drawn by the scent as he is slying over the River, and so taken up by him, having one leg like a Hawk, the other like a Duck.

Oleum Auranticrum.

YL of Oranges, is drawn from the upper rind, or Peel of Sevil Oranges, by a Chymical way, per Alembicum. The best is of a most pure, fragrant smell, like the best Sevil Oranges.

Oleum de Ben.

OYL of Ben is made by Expression, out of the inner Kernel of a Ben Nut. The Oyl is more of condensed Body,

Body, and will keep longer than any Oyl of Almonds.

Oleum Carvi.

the IS an Oyl of Carvi Seeds, drawn from those Seeds by Distillation. 'Tis very hot in tast, smells strong of the Seeds.

Oleum Cymini.

OYIL of Cumin Seeds, is drawn as aforefaid, finelling and talking of the faid Seeds.

Oleum Cinnamomi.

OYL of Cinnamon, is the most curious and best of all Oyls, Chymically drawn. The best is made in the East-Indies, of a most fragrant smell, yellowith colour, hot and biting, like Fire in the tast; very heavy and ponderous, sinking under Water to the very bottom.

Oleum Caryophyllorum.

OYL of Cloves is likewise a very odoriferous heavy Oyl, prepared as abovesaid, of a fragrant smell, like Cloves,

of

The Treasury of

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of a pale reddish colour, and so heavy, that it runs under Water.

Oleum è Cortice Caryophyllorum.

IS drawn from Clove Bark, as the Oyl aforesaid; but nothing near so good, nor odoriferous, nor heavy, as that of Cloves, and of the same colour, but a little darker.

Oleum Ceræ.

Is an Oyl Chymically extracted, by Retort. &c.

Oleum Fæniculi Dulcis:

OYL of fweet Fennel feeds, is Chymically drawn from fweet Fennel-feeds; of a strong smell like it; and in Winter and cold Weather, it will condense like the Oyl of Annifeeds.

Oleum Guajaci.

IS an Oyl Chymically drawn from Lignum Vita Chips, by Retort; of a firong feetid finell, of a thick and black Body.

Oleums

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Oleum Fassemini.

S drawn by Gentlewomen from Faffemin Flowers, by the Reverberation of In Sun; 'tis of a most fragrant smell. he best comes from Italy, and some om France.

Oleum Funiperi.

S drawn from new Juniper Berries, by Alembick: The Oyl is clear, of a weet finell, refembling the Berries.

Oleum Latericium.

R Oleum Philosophorum, is drawn from Brick-batts, Chymically by Retort.

Oleum Laurinum Com;

made of Bay-leaves, and Sallad-cyl, doc.

Oleum Lausinum Fland.

TS a green Oyl, very thick and green; made of green Bay-berries, and Bayleaves. 'Tis brought from Italy.

Oleum Macis per express.

OYL of Mace, by expression, so cally led here in England; is nothing else but Oyl of Nutmegs by expression into the best comes from the East-Indies: Iry China jarrs; of a thick Body, a pale Orange colour. There is another for brought from Holland in four square Cakes, but nothing near so good as the former.

The true Oyl of Mace, by expression, is made in the East Indies, out of fresh Mace, and cometh over in Glasses and Bottles, being a liquid reddish Oyl, smelling very strong of the Mace; (and a little fowrish) at the bottom a little thicker than above.

Oleum Macis Com.

IS a made fluff of Sheeps tallow. Palm Uply, and fuch like fluff coloured, and Malittle greafed over with Oyl of Nutmegs, oc. is of little value, and less virtue than the aforesaid.

Oleum Majorani.

YL of sweet Marjoram, is of a very clear colour, a very little incling to a red cast, fragrant smell, drawn a Alembick, the Herb being dried first.

. Oleum Menthæ.

YL of Mint, is drawn as the former, of a fragrant finell, refem-

Oleum Nervinum.

Terve Oyl, is a made thing here by fome particular People, &c.

Oleum Nucis Moschatæ

YL of Nutmegs, is drawn by Alembick, from Nutmegs; is of a clear only like Water, of a fragrant smell, and not, grave tast like Nutmegs.

Oleum Origani.

S drawn from Origanum, by Distillation, and sometimes off wild Time; of

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a dark red Colour, of a strong scent, a very sharp and hot biting tast, &c.

Oleum Palmæ.

Is the product of the Palm-Tree in Guinny, from whence it is brought, of a red, or rather a deep Orange Colour, of a fweet finell; that which is turned White, and Pale Yellowish, is decayed.

Oleum Petroleum.

Is a fat Liquor, flowing from Rocks, and other Stones in *Italy* and *Sicily*: There are two forts, the white comes from *Parma*, the red from *Sicily* and *Italy*, &cc.

Oleum Rorismarini.

Is an Oyl drawn from Rosemary, by Alembick, is very clear like Water, and of a sweet smell like Rosemary.

Oleum Scorpionum.

Is made with Oyl of Almonds, and live Scorpions put into it.

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Oleum Spice.

S an Oyl drawn from Lavender, Rofemary, and other Herbs in France, as hey grow together in the Fields, of a frong Smell and clear Colour; it comes from Marseilles in France.

Oleum Sabinæ.

OYL of Savine is a Oyl Chymically drawn from the Herb (or rather Shrub) of Sabina, by Distilling in it in Water by Alembick, the Oyl being very clear, simelling very strong of the said Herb; the Oyl being of other ported from Franconia in Germany, where quantities of the said Savine doth grow.

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ter,

Oleum Succini

OYL of Amber is Chymically prepared, by retort out of course Amber, being rectified 'tis of a light Amber Colour, of a strong smell; the first drawing, is a sectid thick Oyl, of a dark Colour.

Oleum Sulpburis Com.

Y L of Sulphur is Chymically drawn from Brimstone, of a clear Colour, image a clear and acid taste, and in effect, Spirit of Vitriol is every whit as good.

Oleum Sulphuris per Campan.

Is Chymically drawn from Brimstone, the same being set on fire under a great Glass Bell, and gathered in a large Bladder; 'tis of a clear Colour, something inclining to a yellowish Colour, of a very acid taste, and pretty heavy, almost without smell.

Oleum Sassafræ.

IS drawn from Sassafrass-wood, per A-lembicum; 'tis of a reddish Colour, very bot and heavy, and will sink under water.

Oleum Tartari Com:

IS a mixt Oyl of Ol. Tartari, per deliquium and Water. nd in

Oleum Tartari.

S an Oyl made of calcined Tartar, hung in an Hipocratical Sleeve, in a eller which runs out per deliquium, in heavy but clear Liquor, fome what fharp nd hot in taste.

Oleum Thymi.

YL of Tyme is drawn from that Herb per Alembicum; of a yellowish lear Colour, fragrant smell and hot afte.

Oleum Terebinthinæ.

OYL of Turpentine is drawn out of common Turpentine, which comes out of France; 'tis of a clear Body, very hot, penetrating, and of a strong smell.

Oleum Vitrioli.

Is an Oyl drawn from calcined Copperas, by a ftrong Reverberatory Fire, when it is rectified 'tis very clear, of a very heavy Olcaginous Body, very hot, E 4

da.

burning a Pack Thread to pieces in an instant.

Oleum Myrrbæ.

I S Chymically drawn out of Myrrhæ per Retort; 'tis very thick, and of a strong smell.

Opium.

boyled up to a Condensity, smelling very strong, of a good lively Colour, cutting easily, not hard, being wrapped up in Leaves; the best cometh from Aleppo, and Smyrna in Turky; 'tis brought from Surrat and Persia, in the East-Indies; but is far inferiour in quality, being nothing near so clean, nor of so strong a smell, as the Turky sort.

Opobalsamum.

SEE Balsam Judaicum, Balsam Gilead,

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Uttle-bones, is called by the Ger-mans, the Scum of the Seas, being in effect, nothing else but a White Scummy Substance, and these are found here in England in Suffex, and near the Isle of Wight, and other parts on the Sea shoar, those which are large, long, broad, and well dryed, are best, they are much sold by these Ironmongers, which sell Tools to Silver-Smiths and Gold-Smiths.

Os de Corde Cervi.

HE Bone out of the Heart of a Stag, is a Bone found in the Hearts of Stags, almost refembling a Cross, but some more than others, being a little flat bone, and to be had in any part of Europe, especially, if they use those of an Ox infread of it.

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Piper Album.

White Pepper, is made from the largest black Pepper, by art; being very still, round, large and white. Some has been made here in England, but not so good.

Piper Guineæ.

Clinea Pepper, is improperly so called, not any coming from thence, but from Marseilles: That which is in lively red Cods, not broken, and fresh, is to be preferred.

Piper longum.

Cng Pepper, cometh to us from the East-Indies: The larger, and white within, bright without, is the best.

der

Piper Nigrum.

BLack Pepper, is more of use to Grocers and Druggists. The best and largest, is your Malabar Pepper, being heavy, and of a good substance.

Pix Burgundica.

Burgundy Pitch, comes from a certain kind of Firr tree, near Strasbourgh: That which is foft, and of a bright colour, is best.

Pix Liquida.

Soft Pitch, is a made thing by the Shoomakers, and of little use amongst the Druggists.

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n the

white

Pix Navalis.

IS a foftish Pitch, which cometh from Godenburgh, and other places of Sweeden; having its name (Ship-Pitch) because great quantities are used in building of Ships.

Pix Sicca.

Is the very fame as Ship Pitch, as a-forefaid, being only boyled to a dryness or hardness; and therefore called dry Pitch, because the other is liquid and running.

Plumbum Album.

SEE Cerussa, both being one and the fame; except some that are papered over, others are not; which go by the Name of white Lead.

Plumbum Nigrum.

THE best black Lead is found here in England, in black Lead Mines; soft, and of a firm body, not rocky, smooth, in pieces of several bigness. There comes a fort from Spain, and although it be soft, yet'tis subject to be brittle, and break in small pieces, and Powder, that nothing can be made out of it. Another fort coming from the West-Indes, is courser and rocky, of little use and value.

Plambum

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Plumbum Rubrum.

R ED Lead is made here in England, in Darbyshire, in great quantities; and from thence Transported to most parts of Europe; being of a red colour, the next to Vermilion, of a heavy body.

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Plumbum Ustum.

Is a Chymical Preparation (which is called Camentatoria) of Lead, which is made with Powder of Brimstone, and the Scales of Lead, which being thus burned, is often washed; and thus becomes the Plumbum Ustum, which is used.

Polium Montanum.

Is an Herb which groweth in Sicily, Italy, and Spain, being covered over with a downe of a lively fresh smell, and greenish Colour.

Pompholyx,

OR Nibil Album, having its name from its fine and pure white Colour; its faid to be gathered of a Fume which rifes

rifes from Metal (in the fusion of it) being white and fine, but nothing near so heavy as white Lead. It is brought out of Germany.

Priapus Cervi.

Is the Pifle of a Hart or Stag dry'dup, of a reddish brown Colour.

Priapus Equi Marini.

A Sea-horse Pisse is of a bony subfrance like Ivory, some above half a yard in length, thick at the fore part (or Glans) and running smaller at the hind part. They are brought from Greenland, and other parts of the West-Indies.

Priapus Tauri.

IS the Pifle of a Bull, almost a yard long, dryed up in the Sun.

Priapus Turturis Marini.

T 1S the Pille of a Sea Turtel, dryed up, is a quarter of a yard long.

Pulmo Vulpis.

'T IS the Lungs of a Fox dryed, of a ftrong fmell; the newest, freshest and soundest are to be preferred.

Pulvis Curcumæ.

Powder of Turmerick is ground in a Mill, of a fine lively reddish Orange Colour; being free from all other mixtures, smelling strong of Cucurma.

Pulvis Enulæ Campan.

E Lecampane Powder, is ground as aforefaid, the Roots being well dryed first; of a good smell, resembling Elecampane.

Pulvis Glycyrrhizæ.

L Iquorish Powder, is grounded out of Spanish Liquorish, of a pale yellowish Colour, and a strong taste of the Liquorish, its adulterated with Flower, whichmay be distinguished in the tast, &c.

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Pulvis Santali Rubri.

Powder of red Sanders, is ground by a Mill, of a fine lively red colour. Tis used therefore, more in Dying than Physical Uses.

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Radix Acori.

F which the truest is reckoned to be the Calamus Aromaticus; but amongst us here in England it is a Root which comes from the East-Indies, much resembling Galanga major, being larger, more dark of colour without, and whiter within; not so Aromatick, or fragrant in tast, as Galanga minor.

Radix Alcanna.

A Lkanet Root, is of a dark red colour, and white within; that which is fo the most part red, very thin, and not woody, is best esteemed. They are

are brought out of France, Italy, and some out of Holland.

Radix Angelica.

A Ngelica Root, is a longish Root, a large thick Head; a great many small Roots (or large and long Vipers) of above half a foot in length, of a good odoriferous smell, a hot Aromatick tast; the Root is slexible (if new) breaks white within. They are sometimes mixt with Meum Roots, which break of a brown yellowish within. They come from Germany.

Radix Aristolochiæ Long.

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Ong Aristolochia Roots come to us out of France by the way of Marfeilles; being a long thickish Root, cuts white, a little inclining to a yellowish colour within. Those which are fresh, are to be preserved.

Radix Ariftolochiæ Rotundæ.

R Ound Aristolochia Roots, are of a round shape, much like the fore-faid

faid Roots; coming likewise the same way, &c.

Radix Afari.

A Sarum Root, is a small (Ash-co-loured) Root, long fibers; of a pretty smell, and aromatick and hot tast. They are likewise brought from Germany.

Radix Behen Albi.

IS a longish whitish Root, not unlike to wild Parships, but thinner. It groweth in Italy, Germany, and France, &c.

Radix Behen Rubri.

IS a dark reddish, brown coloured Root; in round rowles or slices, like Jallop: It grows as above.

Radix Bistorta.

SO called from its crooked bending together; it is likewise called the larger Snake Weed, of a whitish colour when scraped: It grows here in England and Germany, & c.

Radix

talt :

Radix Calami Aromatici.

T Is a fweet scented Root, fragrant, hot, and somewhat bitterish in tast; it breaks white, and is a little knotty as it were. It is brought in Quantities from Germany.

* Radix China Optima.

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CHina Roots, the best being large, well fed, and firm; cut white and bright within, and light brown without; free from Worms. They come from Bantam and China, in the East-Indies.

* Radix Chinæ Nodosæ.

Flinty China Roots are heavy, and not easily to be broken or cut, because of a resiny slinty Substance, which is black, like that of resiny Jallop.

* Radix Contragervæ.

Contrayerva Roots are of a lively yellowish colour, inclining to red; of an iach long, or more, full of little small Vipers round about them; of a good pleafant

fant smell, and white within. They come from the Spanish West-Indies.

* Radix Costi Amari.

IN the Apothecaries Shops, there is fweet and bitter Costus, being both of one Species; the newest being sweet, and with Age grow bitter. That which is to be chosen, ought to be of an Ash colour without, and white within, being fresh, of a firm body and well scented.

* Radix Costi Dulcis.

A S what we have faid to Costus A. marus, it is the newest and freshest of Costus, &c.

* Radix Curcuma.

Turmerick, Terra merita, is a Root which is brought from the East Indies. There are two forts; one long, which is pure and fine, called the Persian fort; breaks not only of a fine yellow, but gives also a Tincture like Saffron: The other fort is shorter and rounder, of a yellow green without. That which

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is firm, of a lively colour in breaking, and looks not black, is the best.

* Radix Cyperi Longi.

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IS a long, dark, reddish Root, full of little knots or specks; breaking white within, of a pleasant smell; 'tis used in Persumes, sweet Powder, &c. It groweth here in England.

Radix Cyperi Rotund.

Is a round reddish Root, coming from Turky, out of Syria, Italy, and Alexandria; 'tis esteemed better for vertue than the long Cypress Roots. That which is well fed, firm, and hard to be broken, of a pleasant acriminous smell, is to be preferred.

Radix Dictamni Alb.

S a thin whitish Root, of a bitterish and glutenous tast. The best is gathered in Winter, and cometh to us from Germany.

Radix

Radix Derenici Rom.

Dorenicum, is (a kind of a Wolf-Bane) a little small knobby Root, firm, light, brown without, and white within. 'Tis brought from Germany; it groweth in Austria, Styria and Helvetia.

Radix Ellebori Alb.

W Hite Hellebore (or Sneefe Root) is a round, short, knobby Root. It comes from Germany; a little of it being scraped in Powder, will cause a violent sneesing.

Radix Elleboti Nigri.

Black Hellebore, is a small, black, viperous Root; breaketh (if good) white within. 'Tis brought in bundles from Germany.

Radix Enulæ Campanæ.

Elecampane Roots, grow here in England, Germany, and other parts in Europe; of a bitterish tast, and a pale yellowish colour, inclining to white.

Radix

Radio Eryngii.

Ringo Roots, Sea-holm, or Sea holly-Roots, a great deal of them are brought from France. It groweth likewise in Germany, England, and other places in Europe; 'tis preserved in Confects, which are very white and delicious.

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Radix Galangæ.

Alanga Minor, cometh from the East-Indies. 'Tiscut in little pieces, a brownish red Coat, and pale red within, of a hot aromatick tast and smell.

Radix Gentianæ.

Entian Roots, is of a bitter taste, a dark yellow colour within; of a large bigness, (not slit, which is looked upon the worst) well fed, firm, breaking clear and bright within. It cometh out of Germany in great Quantities.

Radix Glycyrrhizæ Angl.

I Nglish Liquorish, groweth here about this City, and in Yorkshire plentifully

fully; being good, 'tis large, thick, well fed, cuts bright within, and is of a good length. It groweth in most parts of Europe.

Radix Glycyrrbizæ Hispan.

SPanish Liquorish, is brought over to us; being dry, of a bright colour within, and not blackish.

Radix Hermodactýli.

Is a Root of the bigness of a Chefnut, white without, and within: They are chosen large, heavy, firm, not Worm eaten; being beaten, will reduce into a Powder, like Flower, of a sweet taft. They come from Syria, and some parts of Italy.

* Radix Falappæ.

Allop, is a Root which cometh from the Spanish West-Indies, being cut in slices, and dryed; of which are two forts, white and black; of which, the black being refinous, is to be preferred: The larger and the heavier, the better; the white is not fo good, especially Worm-Radix eaten.

Radix Iridis Florent.

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Lorentine Orris, cometh from Italy; the best being very white, full, round, of a strong fragrant smell, like Violets.

Radix Mechoacanne.

Ecoacan Roots, is a Root which cometh from the Spanish West-Indies; being very white, shrinking a little. Tis in pieces a great deal larger than Tallop.

Radix Mei Athamant.

TEum Roots; the best groweth in fome VI Germany; is a fingle Root, bearded at the Head, of a fragrant smell: Those which are gathered here in England, are full bearded, and the Root not fo large.

Radix Peoniæ Maris.

HE greater Piony, or the Male Pieny, is a reddish Root, roundand thick, of no great Consumption to the Druggist, being a thing very seldom ufed fed. They grow in England, and most parts.

Radix Phu Majoris.

PHU the great, cometh from Germany; 'tis by some called Garden Valerian: It groweth likewise in England.

Radix Polypodii Querc.

Polypody, is called by some, many Feet, or Fern; that of the Oak (being an Excrescence) is the best. 'TIs found in England, Germany, &c. That which breaks green within, and dark coloured without, is best.

Radix Pyrethri.

Pellitory of Spain, is a very hot Root, breaks whitish within: That which comes from Italy and the Straits, is thicker and shorter than that which cometh out of Germany, where it is called Tooth-Root.

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* Radix Rhabarbari.

THE best of all Rubarbs is brought to us from Turky; ('tissaid to grow in Tartary) of fine midling pieces, fmooth, and not crusty, fresh coloured, a lively ftrong fmell, cutting firm; (in chawing somewhat bitterish, and astringent in tast) of a fresh yellowish colour, a fragrant Flavour; not too heavy, nor crusty, nor hollow, or rotten within. The Russia Rubarb is the next to it, which is generally large and heavy, and more crusty; though sometimes very fresh, and well scented, but nothing near fo fine as there came lately from the East-Indies: And though it be never so good in the Country, yet in the bringing over, it loseth its smell and goodness, by the extream Heat of the Sun, turning black and hard within, which is of little value.

* Radix Rapontici.

R Aponticum cometh from Russia, as alfo from the Straits; that which is
of a fresh colour, inclining to yellow and
red, is the best, and the nearer it cometh
to Rubarb.

F 2

Radix

Radix Rubiæ Tinctorum.

Adder Roots are made here in England, at Wisottch, in the Isle of Ely, and a great deal in Zealand. The largest and biggest, are preserved, being of a good reddish colour.

* Radix Sarsaparilla.

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Sarsaparila, is brought to us from the the spanish West-Indies, is more like a long Weed than a Root; if good, very round, well fed, full, mealy and white within, (if cut) the hungry and lean, is nothing near so good. There is a wild Sarsaparilla which cometh from famaica, which is large, but not mealy, rather woody and stalky; it is worth little to the former. They come in round Collars and long Bundles, and are (I mean the best in Collars) brought to us from Spain.

Radix Serpentariæ Virg.

Virginy Snack Root, is a finall viperous Root, of a throng, hot, aromatical tast, of a Parship colour: 'Tis brought

brought from Virginia; the goodness is known by the smell and cleanness, being free from Sand or Dust.

Radix Scillæ.

Squills, are a fort of Sea Onions, of a large and great tigness: There are two forts, viz. red and white: Those which are dry and found are to be preferred. They grow in Apulia, Portugal, Sieily, and other places; from whence they are brought to us.

Radin Scorzenera.

Scorcionera Roots, are brought to us from Germany: Those which are large, fresh coloured, a yellowish red without, and white within, are best.

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Radix Thapfice.

Thapsie Turpith, is much like unto white D. Etamus Roots, &c. like the smallest Winter Bark, whitish; it is of little use, and is brought from the East-Indies and the Straits.

F3 Radin

Radix Tormentillæ.

Tormentill Roots grow here in England, Germany, France, and most parts of Europe.

Radix Turpethi.

of Turpith there are two forts; the best is that which is brought from Turky, called Turpethum Alexandrinum and Arabum, those being places of its growth, it is large and gummy: That which comes from the East-Indies, is nothing near so good.

Radix Zedoaria.

T WO forts are likewise of Zedoaria, the long and the round, both being of a white colour, strong smell and tast, somewhat near resembling Ginger. It is brought from Turky, and like to grow in Synnea, and the further parts of the East-Indies.

Radix

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G

Radix Zinziberis.

Ginger, of this the white and black; the white is generally the best effeemed; great Quantities come from Barbadees and other parts of the West-Indies; and there is likewise a great deal in the East Indies, but most which is brought from thence, is consisted or green Ginger.

Resina Pinea.

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The Rosin of a Pine-tree, is like common Rosin, of very little use-

Resina Falapii.

R Ofin of Jallop is of a Chymical Preparation, the same being drawn from a good black rosiny Jallop; its goodness is known by being clear, transparent in a manner.

Resina Scammonii.

R Ofin of Scamony is likewise drawn from Scamony, in a Chymical way, as the Rosin of Jallop, aforesaid.

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Sal Absinthii.

SALT of Wormwood is Chimically made of Wormwood, being calcined very dry and white is the best.

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Sal Artemisiæ.

Is a Chimical Salt made of Mugwort, by calcining, filtring, &c.

Sal Ammoniacum.

F which there is two forts, the Potlid fort, and the Sugar Loaf fort; the best is clear and white; the former, which comes from Turkey, and the latter which comes from the East-Indies, is the worst fort.

Sal Chalybis.

OR Salt of Steel, is a Chimical Preparation made here in England, &c.

Sal Cardui.

Is likewise Chimically made of the blessed Thistle, by burning it to Ashes, calcining and filtring, and rendring it to a Salt, which has very little of the taste of Carduus.

Sal Cochlearia.

SAlt of Scurvey grass is Chimically made, as that of Wormwood, and therefore much like it.

Sal Eupatorij.

IS likewise Chymically made, from the faid Herb, as the other Salt aforesaid.

Sal Gemmæ.

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SAL

A Lias Sal Fossile, is a Salt which is in stony pieces, like pieces of Crystal, almost transparent, breaking in four square pieces; that which is clear and clean is the best. It comes from Dantz ck, staly and France.

Sal Genistæ.

Is Chymically made from Broom, as Salt of Wormwood, &c. aforesaid.

Sal Nitrum.

CAlt Petre, is a fulphureous Salt drawn Out of the Earth; the best is that which will eafily be fet on Fire, and which is well refined, clear and transparant, in lumps and roches: The greatest part comes from the East-India's; some little may be drawn out of Stables, Cellars, and other places.

Sal Prunella, or Lapis Prunella

S nothing else but a refined Salt Peter, I melted down and cast in Cakes, &c. in a Chymical way with Flos Sulphur.

Sal Succini.

Alt of Amber; is a volatile Salt which comes over in the drawing of the Oyl of Amber; the faid Salt playing up, and sticking far to the Neck of the Retort, from

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from whence it is taken and prepared: 'tis of an Acid Tast, and if well refined will be whitish.

Sal Tartari.

SAlt of Tartar, is Chymically made of Argol, &c.

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Peter

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Sal Vitrioli.

SAlt of Vitriol is Chymically drawn . from White Copperas, off the Caput Mortum of Vitriol.

Saccharum Saturni.

SUgar of Lead is made by a Chymical way from white Lead and Distilled Vinegar: The best is light whitish, in long Flakes:

Saccharum Cand Alb.

White Sugar Candy is made by the Sugar Bakers here in England, and most parts of Europe; the cleanest and whitist is to be prefered.

Sanguis

Sanguis Draconis.

Ragons Blood is brought from Bantam in the East-India's: 'Tis the Juice of a Tree, whose Fruit is red like a Cherry; some of it is extraordinary sine, which comes in Drops wrapp'd up in Flags; others in round large Rowls, covered over with Flags; the courser is in Lumps: the goodness is known by its sine red Colour, when struck upon white Paper.

Sanguis Hirci.

Is the Blood of a Young Goat, dryed up, or with the blood of a Young Goat, dryed

Scinei Marini.

A Re Creatures with four Legs, a Head and a Tail, like an Eft; they swim in Ponds, and feed upon odoriferous Herbs. They are sent over dryed up and salted; those which are large, not broken, dry and fresh Coloured are the best. They come from Venice.

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Scorpiones Terrestres.

SCorpions are a kind of a Venomous Worm or Infect, much refembling a Cray-Fish, with his Tail having a sharp Sting bended like a Claw. They are sometimes brought over alive from Germany, otherwise they are dryed. The largest are best, but the live ones are reckoned far better.

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Serieum Crudum.

Is the Bag, or the filken Pouches of the Silk-worm, which the Silk-worm spins the Silk upon. They are to be had in all places from whence Silk uses to come; being about the bigness of a Birds Egg, and some bigger.

Sevum Cervinum.

STags, or Deers Tallow, is made in Enggland, and all parts of Europe; being very hard and white, of a sweet smell if fresh.

Courteous Reader.

THE Intent of this Book was chiefly to know the place of Growth of most Drugs, being thereto desired by an intire Friend of mine. The Description, and of the quality of every Drug is difficult enough, but would be more in the Seeds; which cannot well be shown but by Eye-sight: Therefore I have only to all those several Seeds, which come from beyond the Sea, set the places from whence they are brought.

Semen Acetosæ.
Semen Agni Casti.
Semen Althea.
Semen Ammeos.
Semen Amomi, Streights and Jamaica.
Semen Anethi.
Semen Angelicæ.
Semen Anis.
Semen Apj.
Semen Asparagi.
Semen Bardanæ.

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Semen Basilici.

Semen Bombacis. Barbados.

Semen Cardamomi, major. East-India's.

Semen Cardamomi, minor. Ditto.

Semen Cardui.

Semen Carthami. Germany.

Semen Carui. Norway.

Semen Cataputiæ. VVest-India's.

Semen Cichorii.

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Semen Citrij, France.

Semen Citrulli. Ditto.

Semen Cochleariæ.

Semen Colocynthidos, Streights.

Semen Coriandri.

Semen Cucumeris, France.

Semen Cucurbitæ, Ditto.

Semen Cydoniorum.

Semen Cymini. France.

Semen Dauci com.

Semen Dauci cretici Candia.

Semen Dutroa. East-India's;

Semen Ebuli.

Semen Endiviæ

Semen Erucæ

Semen Faniculi com:

Semen Fænugreci. Germany.

Semen Fraxini.

Semen Genista.

Semen Hyoscyami.

Semen Lactuca.

Semen Levistici.

Semen Limonum. France.

Semen Lini.

Semen Lupini. Portugal.

Semen Malva.

Semen Melonum.

Semen Milij Solis.

Semen Napi Dulcis.

Semen Nasturtij.

Semen Nigellæ Romanæ. Germany:

Semen Oculi Christi. Semen Papaveru alb.

Semen Papaveru nig. France.

Semen Petroselini. com.

Semen Petroselini Macedon. Venice.

Semen Plantaginis.

Semen Pæoniæ. France.

Semen Peponum.

Semen Portulacæ.

Semen Pfillij: France.

Semen Rutæ.

Semen Santonicum.

Semen Saxifragia.

Semen Seseleos. France.

Semen Sinapios.

Semen Stapbydis Agria. Straits.

Semen Sumach.

Samen Thlaspios.

Semen Urtica.

* Scammonium.

Is the Juice of the Roots of Scamony, which is full of a Milky Juice, which is thickned and made up in old Poots. The best of it comes from Aleppo, being clean, free from Sand and Drois, shining like Rosin, breaking easily, and if touch'd with the Tongue, turning white like Milk.

The Scameny which comes from Smyrna, is generally not so fine as the Aleppo, being heavy, more drossie, and sometimes sull of Dust and Sand.

Sperma Cati.

Is faid to be the Seed of a Whale: There has been Sperma Cati Whales caught upon the Coast of Ireland, but more commonly 'tis found in a dead Whales Head near Bermoodos. The Sperma Cati, is to be chosen very white, as Snow, in large and great Flakes, not only, or discoloured, nor of a strong smell.

Spiritus Salis Ammon.

SPirit Sal Ammoniack, is Chymically drawn from the Sal Ammoniack, &c. which being very clear, like Rock Water; but of a most strong volatil Spirit, enough to strike any Man's breath in smelling to a Quantity.

Spiritus salis Com.

Spring of Salt is likewife Chymically from Bay Salt, of an Acid talk and helt is heavy, and of an Acid talk and talk and

Spiritus Mellis.

E Spirit of Honey is Chymicaliy drawn from Honey, by Retort.

Spiritus Vitrioli.

Is likewise Chymically drawn from Copperas, &c.

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Spiritus Cornu Cervi.

IS drawn from Harts-horn: The Oyl being separated, and the spirit rectified, is as clear as Crystal.

Spiritus Cochleariæ.

IS also Chymically drawn from Scurvy-Grass, and Spirit of Wine; tasting very strong of the Scrvy Grass; and as clear as Water.

Spiritus Absinthii.

IS drawn Chymically from Wormwood,

Spiritus Sulphuris.

Is likewise drawn from Brimstone, by Retort.

Spica Nardi Indicæ.

rom

Is a kind of a Root which comes from the East-Indies; of a fragrant, strong smell, and as it were hairy: That which is light, long, and short haired, is to be chosen;

chosen; of a yellow colour, inclining to four a red, of a bitter tast, sticking to the Tongue.

* Spica Nardi Celtica.

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Eltick Spicknard, is a kind of Flowers made up in bundles; the leaves of a bright yellow, fomewhat refembling Marigold-flowers, of a ftrong fragrant smell, being free from Sand and Dust, and full of small Roots.

Spongia.

Spunges grow under Water, at the fide of Rocks; The greatest part are brought to us from Smyrna and Aleppo, and other places in Turkey. Those which are fine feel smooth and close, not too full of large Holes: They are said to grow most in the Archipelago. Those which are large, fine, close and lively coloured, either white or yellow, are to be preserved.

Sebester.

Is a Fruit of a Tree much like unto a fmall Prune, the stone within almost four-

four-square, of a black colour; they are to be chosen: Those which are fresh, plump, full of Meat, and moist; they are imported from Italy. They grow likewise in Syria and Egypt.

Styrax Liquida.

I Iquid Styrax, is a fat liquor, as thick as any Balsam; of a strong and fra-Dul, grant finell, if clear and good, of a whitish colour: 'Tis kept in Water because of its clamminess. The same comes from the Straits.

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Succus Acacia.

IS the Juice of a Thorny Fruit called Acacia, growing in Egypt; out of its Seeds the true Acacia is made by Expres. fion; the colour not fo black, but more Inclining to a red, which above all other, is to be preferred in making of Venice Treade. The Acacia now in use, is made of Sloes in Germany, and brought over in round Balls, wrapp'd up in Bladders. The goodness is known by its sharp Restringency.

Succus Liquiritiæ Angl.

Nglish Juice of Liquorish, is made in round Balls and fealed; it is generally made up with old Prunes, Liquorish, and fuch other Trumperies, and therefore far inferiour to the Spanish Juice.

Succus Glycyrrhiza Hilp.

C Panish Juice of Liquorish, is made by boyling the Juice to a Condensity, to make it up in Rolls and Cakes, wrapt up in Bay-leaves: The best breaks freely and clear, shining like Jet, free from being burnt to. 'Tis brought out of Italy.

Succus Hypocistis.

I S the Juice of a Plant, being pressed out when in its Flowers, and dried up in the Sun, and not unlike to Juice of Li-here quorish; being brought from Italy and Germany.

Succus Kermes.

Uice of Alkermes, is made of Alkermes Silve Berries, &c. and brought over from Mar-

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to be

Marfeilles, being of a bright Scarlet colour, well relished and tasted, of an acid tast, and a good Body.

Sulphur Vivum.

R live Brimstone, is nothing else but Brimstone, before Fusion, of a grayish colour, and acid tast; and not so easie to take fire, as other Brimstone, It is brought to us from Italy.

T.

Talcum Com.

Ommon Tale looks red without, and white within: There is a great deal to be had in Germany, and in Yorkshire, here in England.

Talcum Venetum.

V Enetian Talk, is a Stone which shines, of several colours, as it were of Gold, Silver and green; and therefore by some called the Star of the Earth; yet it will come

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lkermes from Marcome off in Shivers: 'Tis brought to us from Italy.

* Tamarindi.

Is the Fruit of a small Shrub in the East-Indies, growing like Ash-keys. The best is reckoned to be the red, of a lively, sharp, accid tast; others like the black sort better; those which are least stony and stringy, are to be preferred: They come from the East-Indies.

Tartarum Album.

best is that which comes from Heylbron and Strasbourg breaking clear, and free, without Dross: It is brought out of Germany.

Tartarum Rubrum.

R Ed Argol is very courfe: 'Tis brought to us from Genoua, Florence, and some parts of France.

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Tartarum Vitriolatum.

IS a Chymical Preparation made out of Oyl of Tartar, per Deliquium, and Oyl of Vitriol.

* Tea.

Is a finall Herb of a Shrub which grows in China; the same is used in most Cosfee-Houses: The goodness consists of a fine green Tenderness, excellent fragrant smell, like Violet, and to keep a good, clear, and green colour in the Water; being chewed, streaks very green like Grass; of it are several forts which must be distinguished by the Eye, tast and smell, above all the leaves, sine, crisp'd, green, inclining to Razor-blew-colour.

Terra Sigillata Alb.

Is a thing made out of fine Earth, and fealed here in England.

Terra Sigillata Rubr.

Is likewise made here, and sealed; their goodness are according to what Earth

is used in the making up of them.

Terra Lemnia.

Is a fattish red Earth, coming from Turky, by some called Axungia Solis, this is a fatter Earth, and darker red, than the sine Bole; the goodness of it consists, if thrown into Water, to rise up in Bubbles, if touched by the Tongue, to adhere to it.

Terra Sigillata Vera.

sed out of Turky, fealed with Turkish Characters; but of late several Fallacies being discovered, there is a Sealed Earth made out of Terra Lemnia; and some sealed Earths are brought from Germany, growing near Strigonia, which is by modern Physicians best esteemed.

* Terra Japonica, alias Cutechu:

IS a dark colour'd Earth, like to course Aloes Socatrina; if chewed, it disfolves, tastes adstringent in the Mouth, and sweet in the Throat: 'Tis brought from the East-Indies.

Terra

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Terra

Terra Samia.

Is an Earth which comes from Armenia, growing near a City called Sames: 'Tis addringent, and of a yellowish colour.

Terebinthina Com.

Is brought to us in great Abundance from France, from whence the Oyl of Turpentine is drawn in Quantities, and little Barrels of several Weights, are made up for the Druggists use: Tis of a thick Body, strong smell, and whitish colour.

Terebenthina Veneta.

V Enetian Turpentine, is of a thin, clear, transparent Body, and indifferently well scented: Tisbrought from thence, and some parts of Germany, as Brechmen, being brought down from Salzburgh and Norimburgh, &cc.

Terebenshina Strasb.

Is of a green, and inclining to an Amber colour; very clear, well fcented,

G 2

and

120 The Treasury of and brought from Strasbourgh.

* Terebinthina Cypria.

Is brought to us in Gourds; fomething refembling Chio Turpentine, but that it is generally foul, and full of Drofs, and a thicker body than any other.

* Terebinthina è Chio.

CHio Turpentine, comes over from Turkey in earthen Pots, is very clear and thick, of a yellowish colour.

Tincal.

Is nothing else but an unrefined Borax, brought over to us in Tuppers, from the East-Indies: The best, is that which is in large greenish pieces, free from Mud, (which it is generally pestered with) as also, small Pibble stones) and greased over with sinking Oyl, which is said to be Neats-soot Oyl. The driest, cleanest, and largest is therefore to be preferred.

Trochifci

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Trochisci de Viperis.

TIs a little round Cake, made and thing fealed, with the Mucilage of the that Powder of Vipers, and beaten Biskets, and dryed in the Sun. The best come from Venice.

Turnefole.

from

rom

A R E nothing but old Rags, and Linnen dipped in the red juice of Grapes, (others fay in Mulberry juice) and dried up in the Sun: They strike a red colour in White-Wine, or other Water, like Claret. They come to us out of France.

THUS.

PRankincense, is brought to us from France, in large pieces; that which is best, is in large, dry and white pieces.

V.

Viscus Quercinus.

HE belt of Misseltoes; are found upon large Oaks, almost the colour of the same; other Missels are found upon Apple Trees, and others; but not so good.

Viscus Andupum.

R Bird-Lime, is a thing made here in England, with which Nut-Oylbeing ftruck over little Rods, is so clammy, that it sasteneth the small Birds to it.

Vitriolum Album.

Hamborow; that in large and great Pigs, white, and not yellow nor dufty, is looked upon the best.

Vitrio-

15

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Vitriolum Viride

Reen Copperas is made in great quantities here in England, from a ound Stone which is found in the Isle of Wight, and old rufty Iren.

Vitriolum Dantz:

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found 18 made in Prussia; the same running more upon Copper: This is looked upon better than English.

Vitriolum Hungaria.

THE Hungarian Vitriol, is of a blewish green colour: 'Tis faid to grow near Silver, Gold and Copper: Several Counterfeits are fold for it.

Vitriolum Roman.

R Oman Vitriol, is vulgarly so called, it is nothing else but Cypress Vitrio, in cut Stones, very blew like a Sapphire. There is another fort which comes in Duppers from the East Indies, not inferiour to the former, but that it generally runs together in lumps, and not loofe, nor Ungula G4 in cut Stones.

Ungula Alcis:

Lks claws, come to us from Dantzick. The best are those which are large, full Legs to the upper Knuckle, full Hoosf'd, and well Haired.

Unquent Flor. Aurant.

Range Flower Butter is made from the Orange Flower, and if right, with Pomatum. The best comes from Bermoodos; some good comes from France and Genesa.

Usnea Cranii Humani.

THE Moss of a Scull of any dead Body dying violently, and left unburied in the Field, we have seen it in some Sculls brought from Ireland.

Z.

Zibethum, or Civet.

THE best of it is reckoned to be made in England, though a great deal more

ism

is made in Holland, and with Certificates Transported into most parts of Europe. That which is clear, of a fine, lively, whis tish colour, not mixt with Butter, &c. is to be preferred. The African, Barbados, and other Civets coming from the West-Indies, are next to it: But that blackish fort which comes from the East-Indies, is by none which understands any, looked upon as any thing.

Zinziber Condit.

Reen Ginger is brought from feveral parts into England, as from the East-Indies, West-Indies, and of late, a great deal from Barbados. That which is clear, large, not stringy, is the best.

Zylobalsamum.

SEE Lignum Lentiscinum, being the same.

FINIS.

PH

CATALOGUS

Pharmacorum omnium quæ apud

PHARMACOPOLAS LONDINENSES

Venalia Prostant.

A

A Dianthum Album.
Adianthum Nigrum.
Adeps Caftoris.
Adeps Hominis
Adeps Ursi
Alumen Commune
Alumen Plumosum.
Alumen Roch
Agaricus
Aloe Succeptina

Alee Hepatica
Aloe Barbados
Ambra Grifea.
Ambra Nigra
Amber Liquid
Amygdala Amara
Amygdala Dulcis
Anacardia
Antimonium Crudum
Antimonium Hungarum
Antimonium Diaph.
Antimonii Vitrum
Antimonii Ceruffa
Aqua Fertis

Aqua flor Aurant.
Argentum Vivum
Aroma Equinum
Auriculæ Judæ
** Auripigmentum
Ærugo Æris
Æs Ufum
Arfenicum Album
Arfenicum Rubrum.

Balfamum Tolutanum Bezoarticum Minerale * Bitumen Judaicum * Bolus Armenus Bolus Communis * Borax

Cin

Butyrum Jessamin * Bang

B

B Acca Alkakengi
* Bacca Coffee
Bacca Hedera
Bacca Juniperi
Bacca Lauri
Bacca Myrti
Bacca Kermes
Balfamum Capivi
* Balfamum Judaicum

* Balsamum Peruanum

* Balfamum Suls

* C Amphora Cantharides Cap. Papaver Albi Carabe

* Caryophylli

* Carpobalsamum

* Cassia Fistularis * Cassoreum Angl.

Nov.

* Castoreum Rùssiæ Cera Alba Cera Flava Ceterach Chamæpitys Chalybs Crud.

Cha-

Chalybs Præparát.
Cerussa Venetá
Cinnabaris Factitia
Cinnabaris Nativa
* Cochinilla
Corallina
Corrallium Album
Corallium Rubrum
Cornu Alcis
Cornu Cervi
Cornu Rhinocerotis
Cornu Unicornu
Cortex Cappari
Rad.

* Cortex Cassia-Lignea Cortex Cinnamomi Cortex Citri * Cortex Elaterii Cortex Esula Rad. Cortex Granatorum Cowitch * Cortex Guajaci

* Cortex Peruanus * Cortex Sassafræ Lign.

Cortex Limonum

Cortex Tamarisci * Cortex Winteranus Cranium Humanum

Cremor Tartari
Crocus Anglicus
Crocus Hilpanicus
Crocus Martis
Crocus Metallorum
* Cubebæ
Cufcuta
Cryftallus
Chelæ Cancrorum
Cicer. Rub.
* Cicer Alb
Colocynthis
* Coculus Indus

D

Colophonia.

Dens Apri Dens Equi Marini Diapente

E

E Bor Rasura Elixir Pro-

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F

Lores Baulauft. Flores Chamæmeli Flores Meliloti Flores Origani Flores Stachadis Flores Sulphuris Folia Betonica Folia Dictamni Cret. Folia Malabathri Folia Rosarum Rubrar. Folia Scordii * Folia Scnna. Aleppo * Folia Senna Allexand. Folia Soldanellæ Folia Tussilaginis

GAlla Grana Pa-

* Gutta Gamba

* Gum Ammoniacum

* Gum Animi

* Gum Arabicum

* Gum Asa-fætida Gum Cerosorum

* Gum Caranna

* Gum Copal

* Gum Bdellium Gum Benzoin

* Gum Elemi

* Gum Guajaci

* Gum Galbanum

* Guns Euphorbium Gum Heder &

* Gum Juniperi

Gum Lacca

* Gum Labdanum

* Gum Mastiche

* Gum Myrrha

*. Gum Olibanum

Gnm Opopanax

* Gum

* Gum Sagapenum

* Gum Sarcocolla * Gum Styrax Cal.

* Gum Senica

* Gum Tacamahaca Gum Tragacanthum Gluten Oris

* Granadillas Peru.

H.

TTOrdeum Galli-Hordeum Perlatum

T.

Chthoycolla Fujube * Funcus Odoratus.

L.

Ac Sulphur Lapis Ametbyfree Lapis Amianthus Lapis Armenus

Lapis Bezoar Occidentalis * Lapis Bezoar Orientalis Lapis Calaminaris Lapis Contrayerva Lapis Dentalis Lavis Gagatis * Lapis de Goa Lapis Granatus Lapis Hæmatites Lapin Hyacinthus Lapie Hybernicus Lapis Faspis Lapis Fudaicus Lapis Lazuli Lapis Lyncis Lapis Magnetis Lapis Manateæ Lapis Nephriticus Lapis Ofteocolla Lapis Sapphirus Lapis Rubinus Lapis Sardus Lapis Smaragdus Lapis Topafins * Lapis Tutia Lapis è felle Bovis Lapis Spongia Lapis Etites

Lignum

Thonum Aloes . . * Lignum Alpalthum * Lignum Guajacum Lignum Juniperinum Lignum Lentiscinum Lignum Nephriticum Lignum Rhodium Lignum Santalum Alb. Lignum Santalum Citr. Lignum Santalum Rubr: Lignum Sassafras. Lithargyrus Argenti Lithargyrus Auri

Mater Parlarum Mandibula Lucii Mel Anglicanum Mercurius Duleis Mercurius Sublima-Mercurius Pracipitatus= Mercurius Vita Myrobalani -Belle-* Myrobalani Chebu-* Myrobalani Citrinæ *MyrobalaniEmblicæ * Myrobalani Indæ * Moschus Mumia.

M.

M Agisterium Co-Magisterium Perlar. * Margaritæ Occidentales * Margarita Orientales Margaritæ Scotiæ Manna

Uces è Barbados * Nuces de Ben.

Nuces Cupreffi

Nuces Pistachia

Nuces Vemica

* Nuces Indicæ Nuclei Pinei

Muses.

Nuces Moschatæ.

ma

bu-

Culi Cancrorum Oleum Absinthii Oleum Anisi Oleum Amygdalarnm Amar. Oleum Amygdalarum Dulc. Oleum Asparis Oleum Aurantiarum Oleum de Ben Oleum Carvi Oleuus Cymini Oleum Cinnamomi Oleum Caryophyllorum Oleums è Cort. Caryophyller Oleum Ceræ Oleum Fæniculi Dulc. Oleum Guajaci Oleum Jessamin Oleum Juniperi Oleum Latericium Oleum laurinum com. O'eum Laurin. Flan. Oleum Macis per expres Oleum Macis Com. Oleum Majeranæ Oleum Mentha. Oleum Nervinum Oleum Nucis Mofchatæ Oleum Origani Oleum Palmæ Oleum Petralei Oleum Rorismarin Oleum Scorpionum Oleum Spicæ Oleum Sabina Oleum Succini Oleum Sulphuris com. Oleum Sulphur per Camp Oleum Saffafræ Oleum Tartari Com. Oleum Tartari per delig. Olum Ibymi Oleum Terebinthinæ Oleum Vitrioli Oleum Myrrhæ * Op um

* Opobalsamum

P.

Diper Album Piper Guinea Piper Longum Piper Nigrum Pix Burgundica Pix Liquida Pix Navalis Pix Sicca. Plumbum Album Plumbum Nigrum Plumbum Rubrum Polium Montanum Pompholyx Priapus Cervi Priapus Equi Marini Priapus Tauri Priapus Turturis ma-7 173 Pulmo Vulpis * Pulvis Curcumæ Pulvis Enulæ Campanæ Pulvis Glycyrrhizæ

Adix Acori Radix Alcan-Radix Angelica Radin Aristolochia Long. Radix Arifolochia Rotundæ. Radix Afari Radix Beben Alb. Radix Beben Rubri Radix Bistorta Radix Calami Aromat. * Radix Chinæ opti-* Radix Chinæ Nodola * Radix Contrayervæ * Radix Costi Amari * Radix Cofti Dulcis

* Radix Curcumæ

tund

* Radix Cyperi Long. Radix Cyperi Ro-

Radix

Radix Distamni Al. Radix Doronici Rom. Radix Ellebori Alb. RadixEllebori Nigr. Radix Enulæ Campanæ Radix Eryngii * Radix Gallanga Kadix Gentianæ Radix Glycyrrbizæ Angl. Radix Glycyrrbizæ Hift. Radix Hermodactyli * Radix Jalapæ Radix Iridis Florent. Radix Mechoncanna Radix Mei Athaman Radix Paonia Maris Radix Pbu Majoris Radix Polypodii querc Radix Pyretbri * Radix Rhabarbari * Radix Rhapontici Radix Rubiæ Tinct. * Radix Sarfaparillæ Radix Serpentariæ

Virg.

Radix Scilla

Radix Scorzoneræ

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Radix Tormentillæ Radix Turpethi Radix Zedoariæ Radix Zinziberis Refina Pinea Refina Jalapii Refina Scammonii

S

CAL Absinthii OSal Arthemisiæ Sal Armoniacum Sal Chalybis Sal Cardui B. Sal Cochlearia Sal Eupatorii Sal Fraxini Sal Gemmæ Sal Genista Sal Nitrum Sal Prunelia Sal Succini Sal Tortars Sal Vitrioli Saccharum Saturni Saccarum Cand. Alb. Sanguis Dracenis San-

Sanguis Hirci Scinci Marini Scorpiones Terrestres Sericum Crudum Sevum Cervinum Semen Acetofa Semen Agni Cafti Semen Althae Semen Animeos Semen Amomi Semen Anethi Semen Angelica Semen Anisi Semen Atii Semen Asparagi Semen Bardana Semen Bafilici Semen Bombacis * Semen Cardamomi majer. * Semen Cardamomi minor. Semen Cardui Semen Carthami Simen Carui Semen Cataputiæ Semen Cichorii Semen Citrii Semen Citrulli Semen Cochleariæ

* Semen Colocynthidós. Semen Coriandri Semen Cucumeris Semen Cucurbitæ Semen Cydeniorum Semen Cymini Semen Dauci com. * Semen Dauci Cretici * Semen Dutroa Semen Ebuli Semen Endiviæ Semen Erucæ Semen Fanicul com. Semen Fanicul, dulc. Semen Fraxini Semen Fenugraci Semen Genista Semen Hyoscyami Semen Lactueze Semen Levistici Semen Limonum Semen Lini Semen Lupini Semen Malvæ Semen Melonum Semen Milij Solis Semen Napi Dulcis Semen Nasturtii

Semen Nigellæ Com.

* Semen Oculi Christi. Semen Papaveris Nigr. * Semen Petroselini Com. Semen Petroselini Maced. Semen Plantaginis Semen Paonia Semen Peponum Semen Portulacæ Semen Plyllii Semen Rutæ Semen Santonicum Semen Saxifragiæ Semen Seleleos Semen Sinapios Semen Staphydis Agria Semen Sumach. Semen Thlaspios * Semen Urticæ Scammonium

Sperma Cati

Spiritus Salis Ammon. Spiritus Salis Commun.

Spiritus Mellis

Spiritus Vitrioli -Spiritus Cornu -Cervi Spiritus Cochlearia Spiritus Abanthij Spiritus upburis Spica Nard: Celtica Spin Nardi Indicæ Spingia Sebesten Styrax Liquida Succus Acacia Succus Glycyrrhizæ Ang. Succus Glycyrrhizæ Hisp. Succus Hypocst. Succus Kermes Sulphur Vivum

Alcum Com. Talchum Venetice ' * Tamarindi Tartarum Album Tartarum Rubrum

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James Map 1.5 Deo f.





